

# REVOLUTIONARY WAR BATTLES

## SCAVENGER HUNT

How many delegates signed the Constitution without a Bill of Rights?

Q3 What is another word for liberties (found in parenthesis)?

Q4 What is a change or addition to the U.S. Constitution known as?

Q5 Many of the delegates from states would not ratify, or sign, the Constitution.

Q6 Number where you FOUND the answer to each question.

Q7 The Bill of Rights was provided for all \_\_\_\_\_.





















Q8 The Bill of Rights has provided the foundation of freedom for all \_\_\_\_\_.

Q9 Who drafted a Bill of Rights that had 19 amendments?

Q10 What word means plan of government?

CODE

\_\_\_\_\_ used as YOUR \_\_\_\_\_ with just 3 letters.

	=D		=L		=I
	=E		=M		=U
	=F		=N		=V
	=G		=O		=W
	=H		=P		=X
	=I		=Q		=Y
			=R		=Z

Record the letters for each answer below, then use the decoder to find the corresponding letter. If the answer to Question #1 was a \_\_\_\_\_, then the letter \_\_\_\_\_ would be used.

LETTERS


Q1  Q2  Q3  Q4  Q5  Q6  Q7  Q8  Q9  Q10

**CARD #3**

The colonists were warned by Paul Revere that the British army was on the way, giving time for Adams and Hancock to leave the area. This also allowed the colonial militia time to hide ammunition. When the British Army arrived, there were only about 80 Americans ready to fight while there was a whole army of British soldiers. The British army was led by Major John Pitcairn and the American army was led by Captain John Parker. While they stood against each other, a shot was fired, although it is not clear whether it was the British or the American's first shot of the war is known as the "shot heard around the world".

WORLD

JOHN



**CARD #1**

The Revolutionary War, which began in 1775, was fought for America's independence from Great Britain. After the French and Indian War, Britain taxed the colonies. They needed money to pay for the supplies and soldiers that were used to aid the colonies in defeating the French for control of America. The colonists did not believe the taxes and laws were fair since they did not get to have a say in British Parliament (government). For that reason, they went to war to gain independence. This war lasted over 7 years and many battles were fought between the two sides.

PARLIAMENT

COLONIES



# WHAT'S INCLUDED?

- ✓ 10 READING CARDS
- ✓ 10 QUESTIONS
- ✓ RECORDING SHEET
- ✓ ANSWER KEY
- ✓ STUDENT DIRECTIONS
- ✓ TEACHER DIRECTIONS
- ✓ EXTENSION ACTIVITIES

## CARD #1

The Revolutionary War, which began in 1775, was fought for America's independence from Great Britain. After the French and Indian War, Britain taxed the colonies. They needed money to pay for the supplies and soldiers that were used to aid the colonies in defeating the French for control of America. The colonists did not believe the taxes and laws were fair since they did not get to have a say in British Parliament (government). For that reason, they went to war to gain

## CARD #3

The colonists were warned by Paul Revere that the British army was on the way, giving time for Adams and Hancock to leave the area. This also allowed the colonial militia time to hide ammunition. When the British Army arrived, there were only about 80 Americans ready to fight while there was a whole army of British soldiers. The British army was led by Major John Pitcairn and the American army was led by Captain John Parker. While they stood against each other, a shot was fired,

## CARD #5

When they went back into Concord, they defeated the British. The British commander could see their number was large, so he withdrew his army. As they went back to Boston, the Americans continued to join together and attack them, causing them to lose more of their men. This battle gave the colonists the confidence they needed to keep fighting.



AMERICANS



CONFIDENCE



BOSTON

## CARD #7

Commanded by General Prescott, American troops worked throughout the night building a wall six feet high called a redoubt. On June 17, over 2,000 British troops marched to Breed's Hill. As the British advanced, Colonel Prescott wanted to conserve the limited supply of ammunition. When the Redcoats got close enough the Americans fired heavily, forcing the British to retreat. The British attacked again forcing the Minutemen to eventually retreat.



TROOPS



RETREAT



REDOUBT

## CARD #9

The French navy (fighting with the colonists) defeated the British headed that direction. Having American army led by General Washington and his army coming north, as well as the French navy on the right, the British were completely surrounded and outnumbered.



SURROUNDED

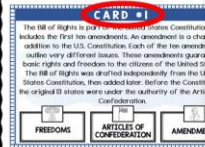
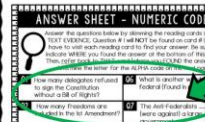


GREENE

## HOW IT WORKS

NUM  
answ  
IS NE  
stud  
answ  
ALP  
invol  
(four  
code  
befor  
review

All y  
them  
read  
AND  
It do  
stati  
stud  
choo  
diffe  
When  
what



### CARD #S AND QUESTIONS

Write the answer in the box.  
If you are answering a question, be sure you are writing the correct answer.

Record the card number where you FOUND the answer to each question in the boxes below.

Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

	=A		=S
	=B		=T
	=C		=U
	=D		
	=E		
	=F		
	=G		
	=H		
	=I		

## SUMMARY

TOPIC SENTENCE

SUPPORTING DETAIL

SUPPORTING DETAIL

## VOCABULARY PRACTICE

Directions: Choose 5 words from the reading cards that are unfamiliar or new to you and fill in the chart below.

WORD	PICTURE	DEFINITION



# 10 READING CARDS

**CARD #1**

The Revolutionary War, which began in 1775, won America's independence from Great Britain. After the French and Indian War, Britain taxed the colonies. They had to pay for the supplies and soldiers that were needed by the colonies in defeating the French for control of North America. The colonists did not believe the taxes and laws were fair, so they did not get to have a say in British government (government). For that reason, they went to war to win independence. This war lasted over 7 years and was fought between the two sides.

**INDEPENDENCE**   **PARLIAMENT**   **WAR**

**CARD #2**

The battle that started the Revolutionary War was the Battle of Lexington and Concord. The British army wanted to capture Samuel Adams and John Hancock. At Concord, it was just a small fight, it was considered a tactical draw.

**BATTLE OF LEXINGTON AND CONCORD**   **AMERICANS**   **BRITISH**

**CARD #3**

The colonists were warned by Paul Revere that the British were on the way, giving time for Adams and Hancock to flee the area. This also allowed the colonial militia time to gather ammunition. When the British Army arrived, there were about 80 Americans ready to fight while there was an army of British soldiers. The British army was led by General John Pitcairn and the American army was led by Captain Parker. While they were looking for the British, a shot was fired, although it is not clear who fired it. The British called it the "shot heard around the world."

**ARMY**   **WORLD**   **JOHN PITCAIRN**

**CARD #4**

Following this battle, the British went to Concord to seize the weapons and ammunition (bullets and gunpowder). The American militia retreated (went back) outside of Concord and watched as the British searched for the hidden weapons. As time passed, more soldiers joined the Americans until their numbers were equal.

**AMMUNITION**   **RETREATED**   **SEARCHED**

**CARD #5**

When they went back into Concord, they defeated the British. The British commander could see their number was large, so he withdrew his army. As they went back to Boston, the Americans continued to join together and attack them, causing them to lose more of their men. This battle gave the colonists the confidence they needed to keep fighting.

**AMERICANS**   **CONFIDENCE**   **BOSTON**

**CARD #6**

The Battle of Bunker Hill took place in June of 1775 in Charlestown, Massachusetts. Most of the battle was a tactical draw.

**BATTLE OF BUNKER HILL**   **MASSACHUSETTS**   **TACTICAL DRAW**

**CARD #7**

Commanded by General Prescott, American troops worked throughout the night building a high wall called a redoubt. On June 17, over 1,000 British troops marched to Breed's Hill. As the British advanced, Colonel Prescott wanted to conserve the limited supply of ammunition. When the British got close enough the Americans forced the British to retreat. The British were forcing the Minutemen to retreat.

**TROOPS**   **REDOUBT**   **MINUTEMEN**

**CARD #8**

The British were surrounded and outnumbered. The British were surrounded and outnumbered.

**SURROUNDED**   **GREENE**   **NAVY**

**CARD #9**

The French navy (fighting with the American colonists) defeated the British navy and also forced the British to retreat. Having the southern American army led by General Greene, the British were surrounded and outnumbered.

**SURROUNDED**   **GREENE**   **NAVY**

**CARD #10**

The Americans fought for 17 days until finally the British surrendered. On October 19, 1781, the British general signed the Articles of Capitulation, a document stating his surrender. This led to the signing of the Treaty of Paris in 1783, which officially ended the Revolutionary War and gave America independence.

**TREATY OF PARIS**   **REVOLUTIONARY WAR**   **CAPITULATION**

**ANSWER SHEET: ALPHA CODE**

Use the decoder to determine which LETTER your answer choice indicates (based on the questions on the other page). Refer back to the card WHERE you FOUND the answer to determine the letters.

	=A		=J		=S
	=B		=K		=T
	=C		=L		=U

**ANSWER SHEET: NUMERIC CODE**

Answer the questions below by skimming the reading cards seeking TEXT EVIDENCE. Question # I will NOT be found on card # 1, you'll have to visit each reading card to find your answer. Be sure to indicate WHERE you found the answer at the bottom of this page. Then, refer back to THAT card (where you FOUND the answer) to determine the letter for the ALPHA code on the next page.

Q1	The British mistakenly thought that Breed's Hill was ___ Hill.	Q6	The British army wanted to capture rebel leaders ___ and John Hancock.
Q2	On October 17, 1781, the British general signed the Articles of ___.	Q7	The first shot of the war is known as the "shot heard around the ___".
Q3	What strategy was the British using at the battle of Bunker Hill?	Q8	As they went back to Boston, the ___ continued to join together and attack them.
Q4	What type of British government did the British have?	Q9	American troops worked throughout the night building a wall called a ___.
Q5	The southern American army was led by General ___.	Q10	What is a word for bullets and gunpowder?

Refer to the card number where you FOUND the answer to each question.

Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	-----



# CITE EVIDENCE



**ANSWER SHEET: NUMERIC CODE**

Answer the questions below by skimming the reading cards seeking TEXT EVIDENCE. Question # 1 will NOT be found on card # 1, you'll have to visit each reading card to find your answer. Be sure to indicate WHERE you found the answer at the bottom of this page. Then, refer back to THAT card (where you FOUND the answer) to determine the letter for the ALPHA code on the next page.

Q1 The British mistakenly thought that Breed's Hill was ____ Hill.	Q6 The British army wanted to capture rebel leaders ____ and John Hancock.
Q2 On October 19, 1781, the British general signed the Articles of ____.	Q7 The first shot of the war is known as the "shot heard around the ____".
Q3 In what state was the Battle of Yorktown?	Q8 As they went back to Boston, the ____ continued to join together and attack them.
Q4 What is the British government called?	Q9 American troops worked throughout the night building a wall called a ____.
Q5 The southern American army was led by General ____.	Q10 What is a word for bullets and gunpowder?

Write the card number where you FOUND the answer to each question.

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10	

**ALPHA CODE**

For each answer below, then use the decoder to grab the corresponding letter. If the answer to Question # 1 was a crown, the letter would be C.

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10	

Eliminate the highest & lowest number used as one of YOUR answers.  
Get rid of all numbers that are not used as one of YOUR answers.  
Eliminate the highest CONSONANT used as one of YOUR answers.  
Eliminate the lowest CONSONANT used as one of YOUR answers.  
4 letters remain? Do not change the order.

1

**STUDENTS MAY START AT ANY QUESTION AND VISIT THE CARDS SEVERAL TIMES SEEKING TEXT EVIDENCE.**

2

**STUDENTS WILL RECORD WHERE THEY FOUND THE ANSWER.**

3

**STUDENTS WILL USE THE CLUES TO DETERMINE A 4-DIGIT ALPHA CODE AND 4-DIGIT NUMERIC CODE.**

# COMBINATION




This scavenger hunt is a winning combination of:



- ✓ movement
- ✓ close reading
- ✓ comprehension skills
- ✓ secret codes
- ✓ citing evidence
- ✓ critical thinking

Everything a teacher dreams of wrapped up into one FUN and engaging activity!

# OPTIONS



THINK OUTSIDE THE BOX!

-  Anticipatory sets
-  Unit review
-  Early finishers
-  Stations
-  Sub plans
-  Partner work
-  Enrichment

-  Movement
-  Cross-curricular
-  Highly engaging

