

# WORDS TO KNOW

**CLICK TO REVEAL THE DEFINITIONS**

**PROCLAMATION**

**REUNIFY**

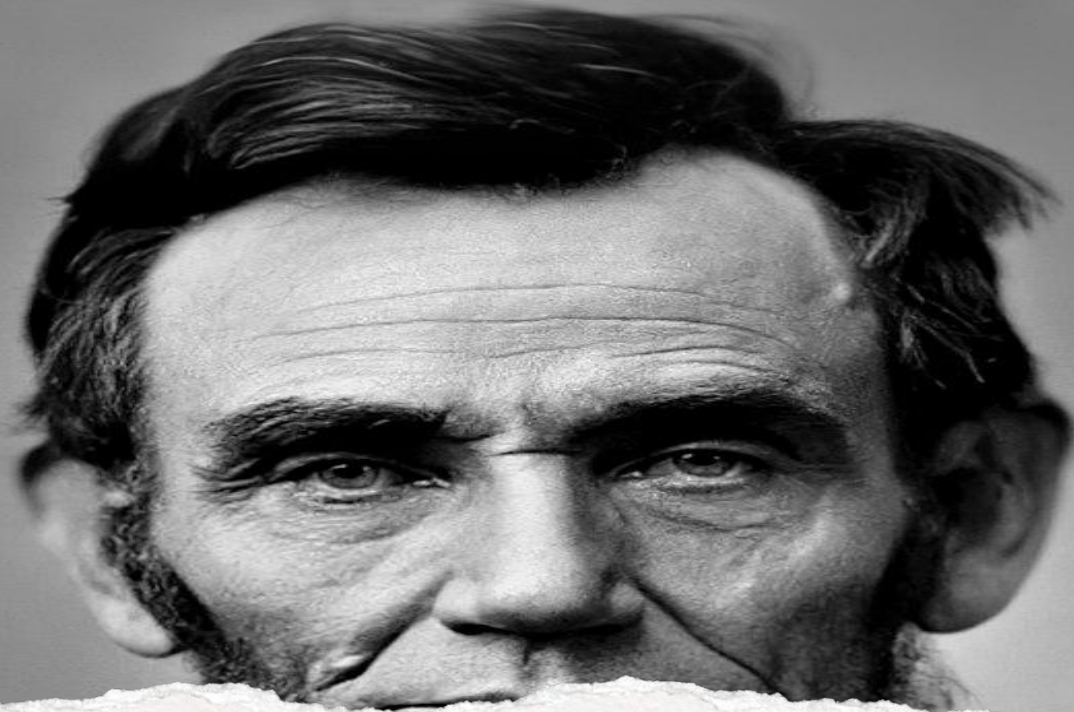
**ABOLISH**

**VETO**

**RESTORATION**

**IMPEACH**





**President Abraham Lincoln delivered the Emancipation Proclamation in 1863 with a future goal of ending slavery. Some believe that was the start of Reconstruction and restoration in the United States. The Reconstruction Era truly began at the end of the Civil War from 1865 to 1877. The goal was to rebuild the southern states.**




**The goal of Reconstruction was to rebuild the northern states.**

**TRUE**

**FALSE**



A map of the United States is shown in the background. The northern states are colored blue, and the southern states are colored orange. A white, torn-edge rectangular box is superimposed over the center of the map, containing black text.

**Even though the South surrendered in the Civil War, they still disagreed with the North about the national government's role. Many southern states were destroyed during the Civil War. Plantations were burned down, crops were ruined and former enslaved persons were homeless. Some northerners moved to the South to make money off of the rebuilding. These people were nicknamed carpetbaggers.**



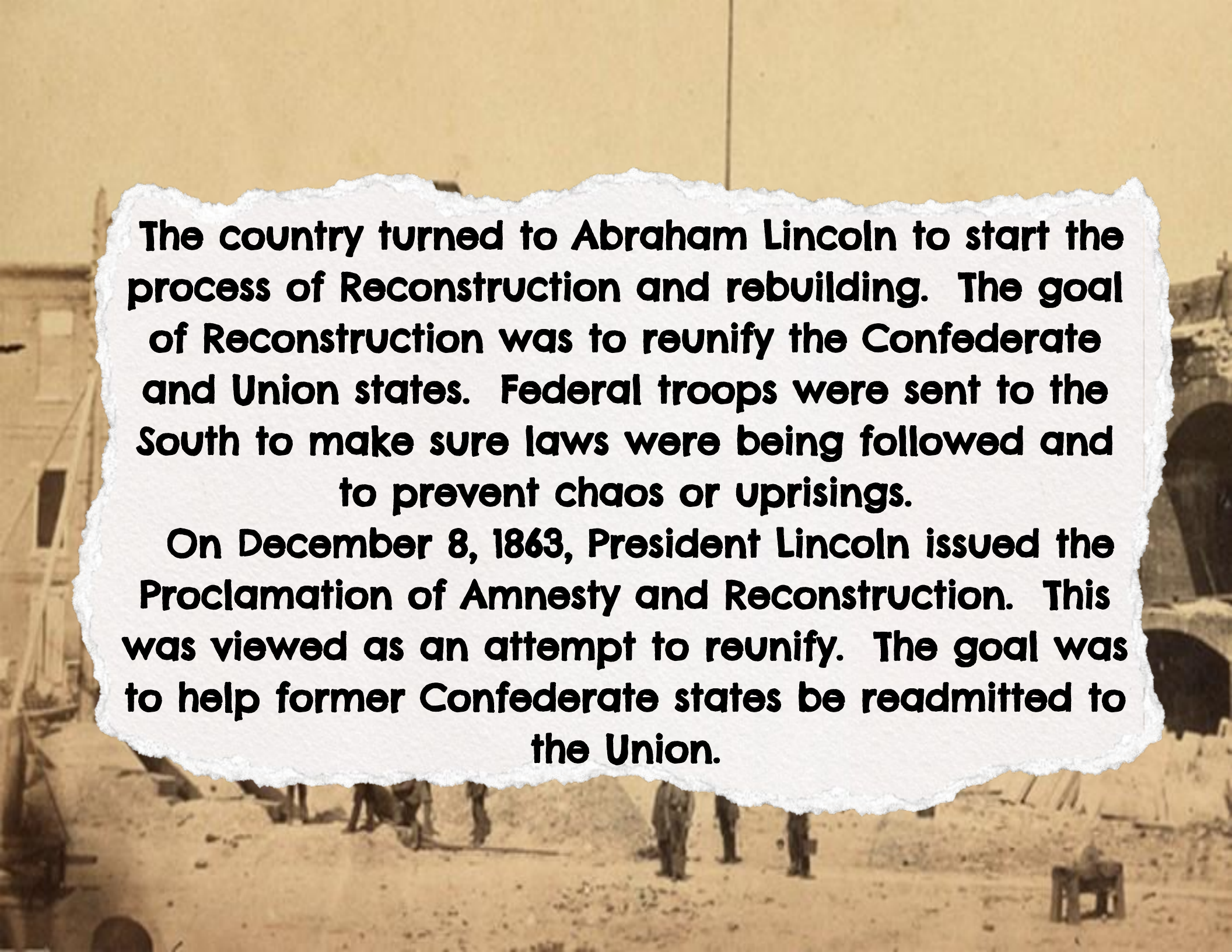
**Some northerners moved to the South to make money off of the rebuilding and were nicknamed \_\_\_\_.**

**A. Blacksmiths**

**B. Carpetbaggers**

**C. Adventure Capitalists**



The background of the image is a sepia-toned historical photograph. It depicts a group of people, likely African American, in a dusty, open area. Some individuals are standing, while others are sitting or kneeling. In the background, there are simple wooden structures and what appears to be a large, dark, arched opening, possibly a tunnel or a large building entrance. The overall scene suggests a post-war or Reconstruction-era setting.

**The country turned to Abraham Lincoln to start the process of Reconstruction and rebuilding. The goal of Reconstruction was to reunify the Confederate and Union states. Federal troops were sent to the South to make sure laws were being followed and to prevent chaos or uprisings.**

**On December 8, 1863, President Lincoln issued the Proclamation of Amnesty and Reconstruction. This was viewed as an attempt to reunify. The goal was to help former Confederate states be readmitted to the Union.**



**Federal troops were sent to the South  
to make sure laws were being  
followed.**

**TRUE**

**FALSE**