

# GREAT SPHINX

## SCAVENGER HUNT

Q3 How many freedoms are included in the 1st Amendment?

Q4 What is another word for liberties (found in parenthesis)?

Q5 What is a change or addition to the U.S. Constitution known as?

Q6 Many of the delegates from states would not ratify, or sign the Constitution.

Q7 The Bill of Rights was provided against the government.

Q8 The Bill of Rights has provided the foundation of freedom for all \_\_\_\_\_.





















Q9 Who drafted a Bill of Rights that had 19 amendments?

Q10 What word means plan of government?

Record the letters for each answer to each question. Use the corresponding letter. If the answer to Question #1 was a D, then you would write D in the box.

Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

ALPHA CODE

	=D		=L		=I
	=E		=M		=U
	=F		=N		=V
	=G		=O		=W
	=H		=P		=X
	=I		=Q		=Y
			=R		=Z

Record the letters for each answer below, then use the decoder to find the corresponding letter. If the answer to Question #1 was a D, then you would write D in the box.



LETTERS

Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

**CARD #1**




Ancient Egypt was a civilization that lasted over 3,000 years, located along the Nile River in northeast Africa. A civilization is a group of people who have their own culture and way of life. This civilization was one of the longest and most powerful ones in history. They are well known for their pyramids, which were built as a memorial and memorial for pharaohs.

**THINK TANK**

	
HISTORY	ART

**CARD #3**

The Ancient Egyptians had many beliefs. In their religion, the two most important figures were gods and pharaohs. Pharaohs were the rulers of the Egyptian civilization. They were so important that they were also viewed as gods. The word pharaoh means "great house." The pharaohs were the head of both government and religion. Their religion had many gods, each one representing different parts of life such as the sun (Ra), the sky (Horus) and knowledge (Thoth).

		
KNOWLEDGE		HORUS



# WHAT'S INCLUDED?

- ✓ 10 READING CARDS
- ✓ 10 QUESTIONS
- ✓ RECORDING SHEET
- ✓ ANSWER KEY
- ✓ STUDENT DIRECTIONS
- ✓ TEACHER DIRECTIONS
- ✓ EXTENSION ACTIVITIES

## CARD #1

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## CARD #3

The Ancient Egyptians had many beliefs. In their religion, the two most important figures were gods and pharaohs. Pharaohs were the rulers of the Egyptian civilization. They were so important that they were also viewed as gods. The word pharaoh means "great house." The pharaohs were the head of both government and religion. Their religion had many gods.

## CARD #5

Around 2500 BC, a famous sphinx statue was built called The Great Sphinx. This is one of the oldest statues in the world. It's also one of the largest, at 241 feet long, 20 feet wide, and 66 feet high. It was built out of a very large piece of limestone (rock) that stuck out in the desert ground. No one knows who built the Sphinx, but some historians believe it was constructed under the rule of Khafre during the Fourth Dynasty. Historians also estimate that it took around 100 workers over the span of three years to complete the monument.



FAMOUS



CONSTRUCTED



LIMESTONE

## CARD #7

The Great Sphinx is believed to have the face of Pharaoh Khafre. He was one of the pharaohs during the Old Kingdom and had a large pyramid built for himself at Giza. Hieroglyphics suggest Pharaoh Khufu, Khafre's father, built the Great Pyramid of Giza. Although his tomb is well-known, little is known about Khufu's 23 year rule of Egypt. During the 12th Dynasty of the Middle Kingdom, Amenemhat III was the first King to represent himself as a sphinx.



GIZA



KHAFRE



DYNASTY

## CARD #9

Since this statue is very old, weather causes things to break (change) and other factors have very different. Wind and sand take away at different parts of the very noticeable difference is the nose on the sphinx's face is broken. It is not clear how that happens.



FACTORS



FACE

## HOW IT WORKS

NUM  
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## ANSWER SHEET - NUMERIC CODE

Record the card number where you FOUND the answer to each question. Questions #1-10 will NOT be found on card #1. You have to read each reading card to find your answer. The card number you found the answer to is the numeric code. The letter for the numeric code is the answer.

How many questions are on this card?  10  
How many questions are on this card?  10  
How many questions are on this card?  10

## CARD #S AND QUESTIONS

Write the answer to each question in the box below. If you are answering a question, be sure you are writing the correct answer.

Record the card number where you FOUND the answer to each question. Questions #1-10 will NOT be found on card #1. You have to read each reading card to find your answer. The card number you found the answer to is the numeric code. The letter for the numeric code is the answer.

NUMERIC CODE

Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	-----

Eliminate the highest & lowest number used as your answer. All numbers are spelled with just the letters that start with the letter F.

ANSWER KEY

= A	= S
= B	= T
= C	= U
= D	
= E	
= F	
= G	
= H	
= I	

## VOCABULARY PRACTICE

Directions: Choose 5 words from the reading cards that are unfamiliar or new to you and fill in the chart below.

WORD	PICTURE	DEFINITION

## SUMMARY

TOPIC SENTENCE

SUPPORTING DETAIL

SUPPORTING DETAIL



# 10 READING CARDS

**CARD #1**

Ancient Egypt was a civilization that existed over 3,000 years, located along the Nile River in northeast Africa. A civilization is a group of people who have their own culture and way of life. This civilization was one of the oldest and most powerful ones in history. It is well known for their pyramids, which were built as a burial and memorial for pharaohs.

**MEMORIAL**   **HISTORY**

**CARD #2**

Ancient Egypt was divided into two regions known as Upper Egypt and Lower Egypt. The Nile River was based on the flow of the river. Oddly, Upper Egypt was in the south and Lower Egypt was in the north. Pyramids were built in the desert.

**UPPER EGYPT**   **LOWER EGYPT**   **DESERT**

**CARD #3**

The Ancient Egyptians had many beliefs. In their religion, the two most important figures were the gods and pharaohs. Pharaohs were the rulers of the Egyptian civilization. They were so important that they were viewed as gods. The word pharaoh means "great house." The pharaohs were the head of both the government and the religion. The civilization had many gods, each one representing an aspect of life such as the sun, the sky (Horus) and knowledge (Thoth).

**RULERS**   **KNOWLEDGE**   **HORUS**

**CARD #4**

Over the thousands of years that the civilization existed, the Egyptians built many structures. Pyramids, monuments, and temples were some of the most significant ones. The Cultus was a temple built to house a specific god and the Mortuary temple was built to worship a dead pharaoh. The civilization also built statues of sphinxes, which were mythical creatures with the head of a lion and the body of a serpent.

**TEMPLES**   **MONUMENTS**   **SPHINXES**

**CARD #5**

Around 2500 BC, a famous sphinx statue was built called The Great Sphinx. This is one of the oldest statues in the world. It's also one of the largest, at 241 feet long, 20 feet wide, and 66 feet high. It was built out of a very large piece of limestone (rock) that stuck out in the desert ground. No one knows who built the Sphinx, but some historians believe it was constructed under the rule of Khafre during the Fourth Dynasty. Historians also estimate that it took around 100 workers over the span of three years to complete the monument.

**FAMOUS**   **CONSTRUCTED**   **LIMESTONE**

**CARD #6**

The Great Sphinx faces the sunrise and was built to guard the pyramid tombs of Giza. This was an area along the western side of the Nile River with many pyramids.

**GIZA**   **WESTERN SIDE**   **PIRAMIDS**

**CARD #7**

The Great Sphinx is believed to have been built by Pharaoh Khafre. He was one of the pharaohs of the Old Kingdom and had a large pyramid built for himself at Giza. Hieroglyphics suggest that Khafre's father, built the Great Pyramid. Although his tomb is well-known, Khufu's 23 year rule of Egypt was one of the longest of the Middle Kingdom, and he is often depicted as a King to represent the pharaohs.

**GIZA**   **PHARAOH**   **MIDDLE KINGDOM**

**CARD #8**

After the Great Sphinx was built, sands in the desert became covered in sand. It stayed like this until the Legend of the Pharaohs. The name of Thutmose (son of Amenhotep) was the name of the statue. He had a dream that he would become the next pharaoh of Egypt. In his dream, the statue was called Harmakhet. Thutmose became the pharaoh of Egypt and he was known as the pharaoh of Egypt.

**DREAM**   **PRINCE**

**CARD #9**

Since this statue is very old, erosion (when weather causes things to break down and change) and other factors have made it look different. Wind and sand have chipped away at different parts of the statue. One noticeable difference is that the nose is missing. It is not clear how this happened.

**FACTORS**   **FACE**   **EROSION**

**CARD #10**

It also used to have a brightly colored body that does not exist anymore. Although the statue is now the color of sand, it was originally painted in bright colors. It is believed to have had a red face, a yellow body, a blue headdress, red body, and a blue beard. There were once three tunnels built inside the Sphinx, but today they are unexcavated.

**RED**   **SAND**   **BLUE**

**ANSWER SHEET: ALPHA CODE**

Use the decoder to determine which LETTER your answer choice indicates (based on the questions on the other page). Refer back to the card WHERE you FOUND the answer to determine the letters.

	=A		=J		=S
	=B		=K		=T
	=C		=L		=U

**ANSWER SHEET: NUMERIC CODE**

Answer the questions below by skimming the reading cards seeking TEXT EVIDENCE. Question # 1 will NOT be found on card # 1, you'll have to visit each reading card to find your answer. Be sure to indicate WHERE you found the answer at the bottom of this page. Then, refer back to THAT card (where you FOUND the answer) to determine the letter for the ALPHA code on the next page.

Q1	What kind of temple was built to house a specific god?	Q6	The ____ was also known as the "city of the dead".
Q2	What word means when weather causes things to break down and change?	Q7	The Sphinx was built out of a very large piece of ____ (rock).
Q3	The Old Kingdom is also known as the Age of the ____.	Q8	Pyramids were built as a burial and ____ for pharaohs.
Q4	What was the beard of the Sphinx believed to be made of?	Q9	What was Thoth the god of?
Q5	The Great Sphinx is believed to be the first of which pharaoh?	Q10	Who had a dream where the statue was called Harmakhet?

Refer to the card number where you FOUND the answer to each question.

Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	-----



# CITE EVIDENCE



**ANSWER SHEET: NUMERIC CODE**

Answer the questions below by skimming the reading cards seeking TEXT EVIDENCE. Question # 1 will NOT be found on card # 1, you'll have to visit each reading card to find your answer. Be sure to indicate WHERE you found the answer at the bottom of this page. Then, refer back to THAT card (where you FOUND the answer) to determine the letter for the ALPHA code on the next page.

Q1 What kind of temple was built to house a specific god?	Q6 The ___ was also known as the "city of the dead".
Q2 What word means when weather causes things to break down and change?	Q7 The Sphinx was built out of a very large piece of ___ (rock).
Q3 The Old Kingdom is also known as the Age of the ___.	Q8 Pyramids were built as a burial and ___ for pharaohs.
Q4 What color beard is the Sphinx believed to originally have?	Q9 What was Thoth the god of?
Q5 The Great Sphinx is believed to have the face of which pharaoh?	Q10 Who had a dream where the statue was called Harmakhet?

Write the card number where you FOUND the answer to each question.

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10	

**NUMERIC CODE**

Eliminate the highest & lowest number used as one of YOUR answers.  
 Get rid of all numbers that are not used as one of YOUR answers.

**ALPHA CODE**

For each answer below, then use the decoder to grab the corresponding letter. If the answer to Question # 1 was a crown, the letter would be C.

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10	

Eliminate the highest CONSONANT used as one of YOUR answers.  
 Eliminate the lowest CONSONANT used as one of YOUR answers.  
 Eliminate the lowest VOWEL used as one of YOUR answers.  
 Eliminate the highest VOWEL used as one of YOUR answers.

Do not change the order.

Decoder:

1

**STUDENTS MAY START AT ANY QUESTION AND VISIT THE CARDS SEVERAL TIMES SEEKING TEXT EVIDENCE.**

2

**STUDENTS WILL RECORD **WHERE** THEY FOUND THE ANSWER.**

3

**STUDENTS WILL USE THE CLUES TO DETERMINE A 4-DIGIT ALPHA CODE AND 4-DIGIT NUMERIC CODE.**

# COMBINATION



This scavenger hunt is a winning combination of:








- ✓ movement
- ✓ close reading
- ✓ comprehension skills
- ✓ secret codes
- ✓ citing evidence
- ✓ critical thinking

Everything a teacher dreams of wrapped up into one FUN and engaging activity!



# OPTIONS

THINK OUTSIDE THE BOX!

-  Anticipatory sets
-  Unit review
-  Early finishers
-  Stations
-  Sub plans
-  Partner work
-  Enrichment

-  Movement
-  Cross-curricular
-  Highly engaging

