

BILL OF RIGHTS

SCAVENGER HUNT

Q3 How many freedoms are included in the 1st Amendment?

Q4 What is another word for liberties (found in parenthesis)?

Q5 What is a change or addition to the U.S. Constitution known as?

Q6 Many of the delegates from states would not ratify, or sign the Constitution.

Q7 The Bill of Rights was drafted against the original government.

Q8 The Bill of Rights has provided the foundation of freedom for all _____.

Q9 Who drafted a Bill of Rights that had 19 amendments?





















Q10 What word means plan of government?

Number where you FOUND the answer to each question.

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10

CODE _____

_____ used as YOUR _____ with just 3 letters.

	=D		=L		=I
	=E		=M		=U
	=F		=N		=V
	=G		=O		=W
	=H		=P		=X
	=I		=Q		=Y
			=R		=Z

Record the letters for each answer to the question below, then use the decoder to find the corresponding letter. If the answer to Question #1 was "D", you would write "D" in the box next to "1".

LETTERS



<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6

CODE _____

CARD #3



The original constitution (plan of government) did not clearly state what the government could and could not do. The writers, or framers, of the Constitution wanted to make sure that people were protected from the government. Some famous Founding Fathers included George Washington, Benjamin Franklin, Robert Morris, George Mason, and James Madison.

THINK TANK

 ROBERT MORRIS	 CONSTITUTION
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CARD #1

The Bill of Rights is part of the United States Constitution and includes the first ten amendments. An amendment is a change or addition to the U.S. Constitution. Each of the ten amendments outline very different issues. These amendments guarantee basic rights and freedom to the citizens of the United States. The Bill of Rights was drafted independently from the United States Constitution, then added later. Before the Constitution, the original 13 states were under the authority of the Articles of Confederation.

 ARTICLES OF CONFEDERATION	 AMENDMENT
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WHAT'S INCLUDED?

- ✓ 10 READING CARDS
- ✓ 10 QUESTIONS
- ✓ RECORDING SHEET
- ✓ ANSWER KEY
- ✓ STUDENT DIRECTIONS
- ✓ TEACHER DIRECTIONS
- ✓ EXTENSION ACTIVITIES

CARD #1

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CARD #3

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

CARD #5

The people also wanted strong guarantees that the new government would not be too powerful. The Founding Fathers and the people all wanted a government that was limited, but correctly limited. Several states signed the Constitution with the understanding that a Bill of Rights would be added promptly. On September 17, 1787, 39 delegates signed the Constitution, however, three of the delegates refused to sign the Constitution without a Bill of Rights.

 LIMITED GOVERNMENT	 POWERFUL	 THREE
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CARD #7

After the Constitution was ratified in 1788, James Madison began working on the Bill of Rights. Madison drafted a Bill of Rights that had 19 amendments. The Bill of Rights was drafted in New York City. After voting and debate, the original 19 amendments became 12, then 10. The Bill of Rights was officially ratified on December 17, 1791.

 DECEMBER 1791	 JAMES MADISON	 19 AMENDMENTS
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CARD #9

The 1st Amendment included five freedoms: assembly, press, petition, and speech. The original copies of the U.S. Bill of Rights produced in 1791 are stored at the National Archives in Washington, D.C.

 FIVE	 1ST AMENDMENT
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HOW IT WORKS

ANSWER SHEET - NUMERIC CODE

Record the card number where you FOUND the answer to each question. Questions #1-10 will NOT be found on card #1. You have to read each reading card to find the answer. Write the card number in the box next to the question number. Do not change the answer.















Eliminate the highest & lowest number used as your answer. All numbers are spelled with just one letter. The numbers that start with the letter F.

Record the letters for each corresponding letter. If the answer is a word, record the letters in the box.

Eliminate the highest & lowest number used as your answer. All numbers are spelled with just one letter. The numbers that start with the letter F.

Record the letters for each corresponding letter. If the answer is a word, record the letters in the box.

ANSWER KEY

 =A	 =K	 =S
 =B	 =L	 =T
 =C	 =U	
 =D		
 =E		
 =F		
 =G		
 =H		
 =I		

Record the letters for each corresponding letter. If the answer is a word, record the letters in the box.

Eliminate the highest & lowest number used as your answer. All numbers are spelled with just one letter. The numbers that start with the letter F.

VOCABULARY PRACTICE

Directions: Choose 5 words from the reading cards that are unfamiliar or new to you and fill in the chart below.

WORD	PICTURE	DEFINITION

Record the card number where you FOUND the answer to each question.















Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8
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ANSWER SHEET - NUMERIC CODE

Eliminate the highest & lowest number used as your answer. All numbers are spelled with just one letter. The numbers that start with the letter F.

Record the letters for each corresponding letter. If the answer is a word, record the letters in the box.

ANSWER KEY

 =A	 =K	 =S
 =B	 =L	 =T
 =C	 =U	
 =D		
 =E		
 =F		
 =G		
 =H		
 =I		

SUMMARY


Record the card number where you FOUND the answer to each question.


TOPIC SENTENCE	SUPPORTING DETAIL	SUPPORTING DETAIL

10 READING CARDS

CARD #1

The Bill of Rights is part of the United States Constitution. It includes the first ten amendments. An amendment is an addition to the U.S. Constitution. Each of the ten amendments outline very different issues. These amendments protect basic rights and freedom to the citizens of the United States. The Bill of Rights was drafted independently from the original U.S. Constitution, then added later. Before the original 13 states were under the authority of the Continental Confederation.


FREEDOMS



ARTICLES OF CONFEDERATION


CARD #2


The Founding Fathers had a desire for any form of federal (national) government. Britain had not treated the colonies well. The Founding Fathers wanted to make sure that the government would be fair, yet stable. They did not want a strong central government.

CARD #3

The original constitution (plan of government) did not state what the government could and could not do. The framers, or framers, of the Constitution wanted to make sure that people were protected from the government. Some famous Framing Fathers included George Washington, Benjamin Franklin, James Madison, and James Monroe.


FRAMERS


ROBERT MORRIS



CONSTITUTION


CARD #4


There were intense debates between the delegates (representatives) of the states about the original Constitution. Everyone agreed that the Constitution was a good blueprint for the federal government, but they also understood that it had flaws. Many of the delegates wanted to add more protections for the people.

CARD #5

The people also wanted strong guarantees that the new government would not be too powerful. The Founding Fathers and the people all wanted a government that was limited, but correctly limited. Several states signed the Constitution with the understanding that a Bill of Rights would be added promptly. On September 17, 1787, 39 delegates signed the Constitution, however, three of the delegates refused to sign the Constitution without a Bill of Rights.


LIMITED GOVERNMENT


POWERFUL



THREE


CARD #6


There were two sides to the argument over the Bill of Rights. The Federalists wanted a strong central government. The Anti-Federalists (were against) a large government and wanted the state and local governments to be stronger.


CARD #7

After the Constitution was ratified in 1788, James Madison began working on the Bill of Rights. Madison had studied the Bill of Rights that had 19 amendments. The Bill of Rights was written in New York City. After voting and debating, the first 12 amendments became 10. The Bill of Rights was officially ratified on September 17, 1791.


DECEMBER 1791



FIVE



1ST AMENDMENT


PETITION

CARD #8

The Bill of Rights provided various civil liberties. It established freedom of speech, press, petition, and assembly. It also set rules for the federal government and limitations of the federal government. Other freedoms include the right to a speedy trial, unreasonable search and seizure (4th Amendment), the right to a speedy trial, and the right to a fair trial.


CIVIL RIGHTS



SEARCH AND SEIZURE


CARD #9

The 1st Amendment included five freedoms: religion, speech, press, petition, and assembly. There were 14 original amendments of the U.S. Bill of Rights produced. The first 10 amendments were stored at the National Archives in Washington, D.C.

CARD #10










The Bill of Rights is important because it established a government that put the power with the people. The Bill of Rights protects very important, but simple rights and freedoms of the people. The Bill of Rights has impacted all Americans and defined the United States government. The Bill of Rights has provided the foundation of freedom for all Americans.


BILL OF RIGHTS


FOUNDATION

ANSWER SHEET: ALPHA CODE

Use the decoder to determine which LETTER your answer choice indicates (based on the questions on the other page). Refer back to the card WHERE you FOUND the answer to determine the letters.

 =A	 =J	 =S
 =B	 =K	 =T
 =C	 =L	 =U

ANSWER SHEET: NUMERIC CODE

Answer the questions below by skimming the reading cards seeking TEXT EVIDENCE. Question # 1 will NOT be found on card # 1, you'll have to visit each reading card to find your answer. Be sure to indicate WHERE you found the answer at the bottom of this page. Then, refer back to THAT card (where you FOUND the answer) to determine the letter for the ALPHA code on the next page.

Q1 How many delegates refused to sign the Constitution without a Bill of Rights?	Q6 What is another word for federal (found in parenthesis)?
Q2 How many freedoms are included in the 1st Amendment?	Q7 The Anti-Federalists ____ (were against) a large government.
Q3 What is another word for liberties (found in parenthesis)?	Q8 The Bill of Rights has provided the foundation of freedom for all ____.
Q4 What is the change or addition to the original Constitution known as?	Q9 Who drafted a Bill of Rights that had 19 amendments?
Q5 Most of the delegates from the states would not ratify, or sign, the Constitution.	Q10 What word means plan of government?

Refer to the card number where you FOUND the answer to each question.

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10		

CITE EVIDENCE



ANSWER SHEET: NUMERIC CODE

Answer the questions below by skimming the reading cards seeking TEXT EVIDENCE. Question # 1 will NOT be found on card # 1, you'll have to visit each reading card to find your answer. Be sure to indicate WHERE you found the answer at the bottom of this page. Then, refer back to THAT card (where you FOUND the answer) to determine the letter for the ALPHA code on the next page.

Q1 How many delegates refused to sign the Constitution without a Bill of Rights?	Q6 What is another word for federal (found in parenthesis)?
Q2 How many freedoms are included in the 1st Amendment?	Q7 The Anti-Federalists ---- (were against) a large government.
Q3 What is another word for liberties (found in parenthesis)?	Q8 The Bill of Rights has provided the foundation of freedom for all ----.
Q4 What is a change or addition to the U.S. Constitution known as?	Q9 Who drafted a Bill of Rights that had 19 amendments?
Q5 Many of the delegates from the states would not ratify, or ----, the Constitution.	Q10 What word means plan of government?

Write the card number where you FOUND the answer to each question.

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10

NUMERIC CODE

Eliminate the highest & lowest number used as one of YOUR answers.
 Get rid of all numbers that are not used as one of YOUR answers.

ALPHA CODE

For each answer below, then use the decoder to grab the corresponding letter. If the answer to Question # 1 was a crown, the letter would be C.

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10

Eliminate the highest CONSONANT used as one of YOUR answers.
 Eliminate the lowest CONSONANT used as one of YOUR answers.
 Eliminate the lowest VOWEL used as one of YOUR answers.
 Eliminate the highest VOWEL used as one of YOUR answers.

Do not change the order.

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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1

STUDENTS MAY START AT ANY QUESTION AND VISIT THE CARDS SEVERAL TIMES SEEKING TEXT EVIDENCE.

2

STUDENTS WILL RECORD WHERE THEY FOUND THE ANSWER.

3

STUDENTS WILL USE THE CLUES TO DETERMINE A 4-DIGIT ALPHA CODE AND 4-DIGIT NUMERIC CODE.

COMBINATION













This scavenger hunt is a winning combination of:

- movement
- close reading
- comprehension skills
- secret codes
- citing evidence
- critical thinking

Everything a teacher dreams of wrapped up into one FUN and engaging activity!

OPTIONS

THINK OUTSIDE THE BOX!

-  Anticipatory sets
-  Unit review
-  Early finishers
-  Stations
-  Sub plans
-  Partner work
-  Enrichment
-  Movement
-  Cross-curricular
-  Highly engaging

