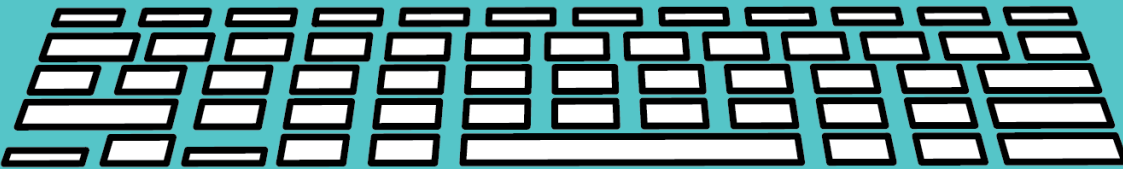
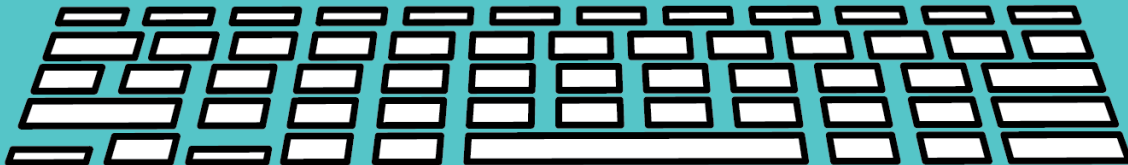


HENRY HUDSON
SAILED WITH
HUDSON AND
RECORDED THE
TRIPS IN HIS
JOURNALS

Short Answer	Type Answer Here
1. What country do historians believe he was born in?	
2. What was the name of the first expedition vessel?	
3. What year did the fourth expedition occur?	
4. What company did Henry's grandfather start?	
5. What was the ship's name on the fourth expedition?	
6. What name did Henry Hudson give to his son?	
7. What was the name of the ship on the third expedition?	
8. What year did the Moscovy Company first hire Hudson?	



Short Answer	Type Answer Here	Fill in the Blank	Type Answer Here
1. What point do historians believe was his?		9. Henry Hudson grew up in the Age of ____.	
2. What was the name of the first expedition vessel?		10. It is believed that Henry worked on ____ as a boy.	
3. What year did the fourth expedition occur?		11. King ____ I was famous that he sailed for another country.	
4. What company did Henry's grandfather start?		12. Henry believed he could find a passage to Asia via the ____.	
5. What was the ship's name on the fourth expedition?		13. ____ da Gama discovered a route to ____.	
6. What name did Henry Hudson give to his son?		14. The second expedition was funded by the ____ company.	
7. What was the name of the ship on the third expedition?		15. The fourth expedition was funded by the ____ Company.	
8. What year did the Moscovy Company first hire Hudson?		16. Henry Hudson has a river, a strait and a ____ named after him.	



HENRY HUDSON

Most historians believe Henry Hudson was born in England sometime around 1565. Not much is known about his childhood. It is believed that Henry worked on ships as a boy then attended Harvard University.

Hudson is considered one of the world's most famous explorers. He is best known for exploring Canada and the northern United States. Henry Hudson has a street named after him, the Hudson Strait, Hudson Bay, and Hudson River.

Many European countries were trying to establish sea trade routes, especially Asia and India. Henry Hudson grew up during the Age of Exploration. The Age of Exploration was when explorations began exploring the world from the 1400s through the 1600s. The Age of Exploration also occurred at the same time as the Renaissance.

Many spice trading companies were searching for a new trade route to India. These companies knew that a shorter trade route would result in enormous wealth. Vasco da Gama discovered a route to India around the southern tip of Africa, but that sea route is still very long, dangerous and expensive.

Henry's grandfather, also named Henry Hudson, started a trading company called the Muscovy Company. The Muscovy Company hired Henry Hudson in 1607 to find a northern passage to Asia.

Henry believed he could find passage to Asia via the North Pole. He believed that all the ice would melt and he could sail over the top of the world in the summer. From his point of view, the North Pole was closest to the sun, so the summer would be the best time for a sea voyage.

Hudson was joined by a small crew and his son John for the first expedition. The vessel they sailed on was named the Hopewell. They began the voyage by sailing north, past Greenland to an island called Spitzbergen. They continued to sail north until battling icy conditions became too dangerous. They were forced to turn around and return to England.

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In 1608, Hudson tried again. The second voyage was also funded by the Muscovy Company. This time they traveled east. They managed to make it to the northern part of Russia but were forced to turn around due to ice. Even after two failed attempts, Hudson found a company called the Dutch East India Company to fund his third expedition in 1609.

For the third expedition, Hudson sailed on a vessel called the Half Moon. The colder weather kept his crew on a southern route towards North America. Hudson had heard rumors of a route to the Pacific Ocean from North America. His vessel sailed in the Chesapeake Bay, Delaware Bay and the now known Hudson River.

The Half Moon reached a point where it could no longer travel up the river. Hudson and his crew made the decision to return home. England's King James I was furious that Hudson sailed for another country, under the Dutch flag. As punishment, the king seized the ship from the crew and told him he could no longer explore.

The fourth expedition was made in 1610. On April 17, Hudson and his crew set sail again to find the Northwest Passage. Funded by the Virginia Company, English merchants gave Hudson a ship called the Discoverer. Hudson headed north to North America.

Hudson decided to sail north to James Bay, still looking for a passage to the Pacific Ocean. The crew became trapped in frozen water. Ice forced Hudson and his crew to spend the winter on land. They struggled to survive due to hunger, cold and illness.

During this expedition, he reached the Hudson Strait and the Hudson Bay. Unfortunately, he never found the Northern Passage. His crew wanted to return home and became hostile, hungry and restless.

Hudson ended up rebelling against them. They were tired, hungry and wanted to go home. Hudson and a few crew members were set adrift in a small boat in the Hudson Bay. The remaining crew then returned to England. It is not clear what happened to Henry Hudson but he was never seen again.

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