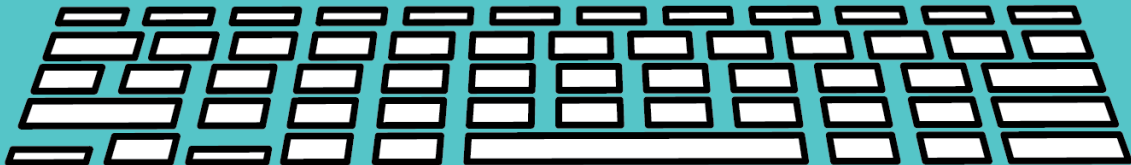


Short Answer	Type Answer Here
1. What year was Daniel Boone born?	
2. What year did Daniel move to North Carolina?	
3. Who captured Boone and his brother?	
4. What was the name of Boone's daughter?	
5. What state did Boone move to in 1799?	
6. Who told Boone about Kentucky?	
7. What mountains did the Cumberland Gap lead to?	
8. What year did the French and Indian War begin?	



Short Answer	Type Answer Here	Fill in the Blank	Type Answer Here
1. What year was Daniel Boone born?		9. Boone gained a reputation for the best ____ in the land.	
2. What year did Daniel move to North Carolina?		10. The Cumberland Gap used to be called "the way ____".	
3. Who captured Boone and his brother?		11. His ____ taught him how to read and write.	
4. What was the name of Boone's daughter?		12. In 1775, Boone discovered a trail through the ____.	
5. What state did Boone move to in 1799?		13. Daniel decided to join the ____ army.	
6. Who told Boone about Kentucky?		14. Boone was raised in a ____ home.	
7. What mountains did the Cumberland Gap lead to?		15. Boone's British Commander was General ____ Braddock.	
8. What year did the French and Indian War begin?		16. Boone's father was a ____ and farmer.	



DANIEL BOONE

Daniel Boone was born in October 1734 or November 1734 in Pennsylvania. Boone knew his exact birthdate. Boone was raised in a Quaker home. Quakers in Pennsylvania were free to believe what they wanted.

Boone was a blacksmith and wagon driver. Daniel helped around the family farm by chopping wood and tending to the cows. His mother taught him how to read and write. Boone's first job was hunting bear, fox, wild turkey, and deer. Daniel would hunt for days at a time, becoming the main provider for the family.

Boone befriended the local Delaware Native Americans who taught him survival skills in the woods. Boone learned how to trap animals, trapping, and hunting animals. Boone began to dress like the local Native Americans.

In 1751, Daniel and his family moved to North Carolina when he was fifteen years old. The Boones bought 1,300 acres of land. Daniel hunted animals and sold their skins to help his family. He went to the fur market to sell the pelts of the wild game. Eventually, Boone gained a reputation for the best sharpshooter in the land after winning any contest entered.

The French and Indian War began in 1754. Daniel decided to join the British army as a blacksmith and wagon driver. The French and Indian War was the British colonies versus an alliance of the French and the Indians. The French encouraged the Cherokees to attack American homesteads.

The British forces were easily defeated at the Battle of the Monongahela. Boone's British Commander, General Edward Braddock, was mortally wounded. Due to his extensive survival skills, Boone was able to escape death.

In 1769, Boone was on an expedition to Kentucky with other men, including John Findley. Findley was a frontier trader who Daniel met during the French and Indian War. Findley told Boone about land west of

the Appalachian Mountains called Kentucky. Findley described Kentucky as a wilderness paradise full of animals to hunt. At the time, Kentucky was not part of the United States.

In 1775, Boone discovered a trail through the Cumberland Gap. The Cumberland Gap was a narrow passage to the Appalachian Mountains. On the other side was beautiful meadowland for farming and hunting. Up until 1810, the Cumberland Gap was called "the way West".

Daniel and his brother stayed in Kentucky to hunt and trap furs. During their stay in Kentucky, Boone and his brother were captured by Shawnee. The Shawnee had an agreement with England that the land west of the Appalachian was theirs. The Shawnee took Daniel's furs, guns, and horses and sent the brothers home, warning them never to return again.

Boone later returned to Kentucky to build roads and a settlement called Boonesborough. He and some men chopped down trees and created roads for wagons to travel on. The road was called the "Wilderness Road". The road and settlement took three years to build. Wilderness Road was a trail through the Appalachian Mountains from North Carolina and Tennessee through Kentucky. Boone brought his family to Boonesborough but the local Native Americans did not want new settlers on their land.

The Shawnee and Cherokee despised Boone's settlement. In 1776, Boone's daughter, Jemima, was kidnapped. Boone was eventually rescued by Daniel Boone. Within two years, Boone was also captured by Native Americans but managed to escape. Boone and 200 people decided to migrate to Kentucky because of the path that Boone established. Although he was a resourceful man, Boone did not prosper from his land. Historians believe that he did not know how to write legal documents very well and often fell heavily into debt to his property.

Boone lost all of his land in Kentucky. Boone and his family moved to West Virginia, then called Virginia. Daniel Boone gained significant popularity when stories of his adventures were published in 1784. These stories were based on fact and fiction.

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