

YOU MAY ALSO LIKE:

BOSTON TEA PARTY

READING #2

Colonists were angry at the Tea Act. A group of colonists named the Sons of Liberty determined to let the British know they were angry. The Stamp Act had placed a tax on newspapers and playing cards. The British had placed a tax on tea. The Sons of Liberty decided to protest by dumping tea into the harbor. The protest was called the Boston Tea Party. The British responded by closing the port of Boston and sending soldiers to the city. The Sons of Liberty then organized the Boston Tea Party. They dumped tea into the harbor. The British responded by closing the port of Boston and sending soldiers to the city. The Sons of Liberty then organized the Boston Tea Party. They dumped tea into the harbor. The British responded by closing the port of Boston and sending soldiers to the city.

QUESTIONS

TRUE OR FALSE: CIRCLE THE ANSWER.

1. The Stamp Act had placed a tax on food and spices. True False

2. The Sons of Liberty was created in 1765. True False

CLUE #2

Sons of Liberty adopted an official flag with...

DECODER #4

GO FIRST THINK GO

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

THINK TANK

ESCAPE ROOM

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE

READING #1

The Second Continental Congress met in Philadelphia in 1776. Representatives (leaders) from the thirteen colonies gathered to discuss their treatment from Great Britain. John Adams was in favor of separating from England and convinced many other leaders to do so. The committee was asked to explain why they wanted independence. The colonists agreed. The Declaration of Independence was signed. The Declaration of Independence was signed on September 3, 1776. The Declaration of Independence was signed on September 3, 1776. The Declaration of Independence was signed on September 3, 1776.

QUESTIONS

1. Where did the Second Continental Congress meet?

A. Philadelphia B. Cleveland C. Boston D. New York City

2. What is another word for Parliament?

A. United States B. Congress C. Government D. None of the above

CLUE #1

John Hancock had the largest signature on the Declaration. It was...

DECODER #1

GO FIRST THINK GO

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

THINK TANK

ESCAPE ROOM

CAUSES OF THE REVOLUTIONARY WAR

READING #4

The British government decided the American colonies needed to be punished for the Boston Tea Party. They issued new laws and called the colonies the Intolerable Acts. These harsh laws were called the Intolerable Acts. The British wanted to make sure no one was allowed to trade with the colonies. The British wanted to make sure no one was allowed to trade with the colonies. The British wanted to make sure no one was allowed to trade with the colonies.

QUESTIONS

1. What is another name for the Intolerable Acts?

A. Tea Act B. Boston Tea Party C. Stamp Act D. Coercive Acts

2. When was the First Continental Congress?

A. 1774 B. 1775 C. 1776 D. 1780

CLUE #4

The Revolutionary War lasted...

41 21 43 34 14 31 42 22 32 14

15 31 41 24 54

DECODER #3

GO FIRST THINK GO

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

THINK TANK

ESCAPE ROOM

PATRIOTS AND LOYALISTS

READING #2

Patriots were members of the 13 colonies who supported liberty (freedom) and independence from Britain. They felt they weren't being treated fairly. They wanted to be treated like everyone else. They wanted to be treated like everyone else. They wanted to be treated like everyone else.

QUESTIONS

1. Patriots were members of the 13 colonies who supported liberty (freedom) and independence from Britain. True False

2. Patriots felt their voices weren't being heard. True False

3. The Boston Tea Party was in 1770. True False

CLUE #2

The percent of colonists who were Patriots...

DECODER #3

GO FIRST THINK GO

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

THINK TANK

ESCAPE ROOM

13 COLONIES

READING #1

The original Thirteen Colonies were created by a country called England. The colonies were created in America during the 1700s. A colony is an area of land ruled by another country. The 13 colonies were divided into three regions: New England, the Middle Colonies, and the Southern Colonies. They came from Scotland, Ireland, and other parts of Europe. They all lived along the Atlantic coast. They all lived along the Atlantic coast. They all lived along the Atlantic coast.

QUESTIONS

1. What country started the 13 colonies?

A. France B. England C. Spain D. Germany

2. What was the first colony in America called?

A. Jamestown B. Georgetown C. England D. Pittsburgh

CLUE #1

Three ships were sent to Virginia with about...

DECODER #4

GO FIRST THINK GO

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

THINK TANK

ESCAPE ROOM

THINK TANK

too

READING #1

The French and Indian War was not the French fighting the Indians. The French and Indians were actually fighting on the same side. The French and Indians fought together against the British.

France and Britain had been fighting in Europe but the battle spread to North America. French and British colonists were living in America at that time.

The area where the French colonies were was known as New France. The war started because France wanted to control the Ohio River area, but Britain would not allow it. The land around the Ohio River had valuable resources.

This war was an important event leading up to the Revolutionary War in the colonies. In America, the fighting was called the French and Indian War. It was a part of the Seven Years' War which was a global war in Europe, happening at the same time.

QUESTIONS

1. What was the area where the French colonies were known as?
 - A. New Hampshire
 - B. New England
 - C. New York
 - D. New France
2. What is the war called in Europe?
 - A. Seven Years War
 - B. Nine Years War
 - C. Revolutionary War
 - D. None of the above

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CLUE #1

The French and Indian War started in...

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READING #3

George Washington ordered 150 English soldiers to capture Fort Duquesne. His men fired on the guarded French fort but were forced to give up. Washington's men returned and built the new fort.

The battle for Fort Necessity was July 3, 1754. George Washington and his men put together a small, poorly built log fort in Pennsylvania. The fort was called Fort Necessity. Unfortunately, the fort was built on low lying grounds that were often flooded.

Within days, hundreds of French soldiers surrounded Fort Necessity and forced Colonel Washington to surrender.

General Edward Braddock and Colonel Washington were again sent to takeover Fort Duquesne. The British marched in straight lines on their way to Fort Duquesne making it easy for the French and Indians to fire from behind trees, rocks or hills. Braddock was killed in the battle. Washington was forced to surrender.

QUESTIONS

FILL IN THE BLANK

- George Washington ordered (#) _____ English soldiers to capture Fort Duquesne.
- The men put together a small, poorly built log fort in _____.
- The British marched in _____ lines on their way to Fort Duquesne.

CLUE #3

Fort Necessity was taken over by...

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FINAL CODE

Use the answers found in the completed puzzles
to determine the final code!

The number found in
Puzzle #1 MINUS 1753.

The number found in
Puzzle #2 MINUS 37.

The number found in
Puzzle #3 MINUS 599.

The number found in
Puzzle #4 MINUS 1762.

FINAL 4DIGIT CODE:

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CERTIFICATE

THIS CERTIFICATE GOES TO



DECODER #3



DECODER #4

GO  FIRST, THEN GO 

