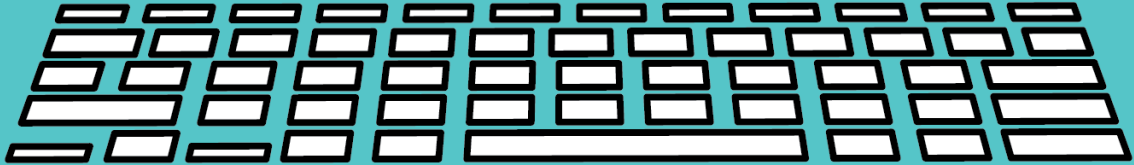
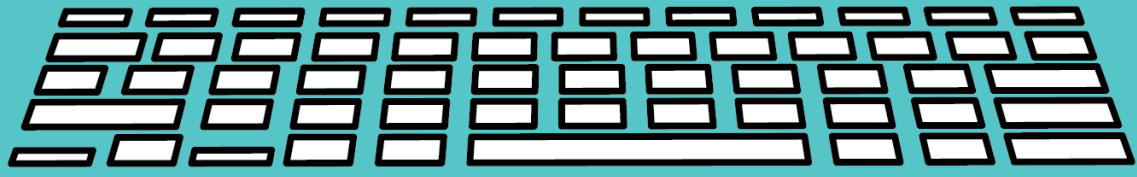


ON 6 MAY
ELECTED
WITHOUT EVEN
BEING ON THE
BALLOT IN FEW
OF THE
SOUTHERN
STATES

Short Answer	Type Answer Here
1. Who did Abraham Lincoln marry?	
2. What year did Lincoln run for U.S. Senate?	
3. How many children did Lincoln have?	
4. How many states were in the Confederacy?	
5. What year was the Emancipation Proclamation?	
6. In what state is Gettysburg?	
7. How old was Abraham when his mother died?	
8. In what state was the first battle of the Civil War?	



Short Answer	Type Answer Here	Fill in the Blank	Type Answer Here
1. Who did Abraham Lincoln serve as the President of the U.S.A.		9. Abraham Lincoln served as the ____ President of the U.S.A.	
2. What year did Lincoln run for the Senate?		10. Lincoln was assassinated in the year ____.	
3. How many children did Lincoln have?		11. He was the ____ Republican president.	
4. How many states were in the Confederacy?		12. Shortly after Lincoln became President, the ____ War began.	
5. What year was the Emancipation Proclamation?		13. The Gettysburg Address was ____ short, ____ minute speech.	
6. In what state is Gettysburg?		14. He was elected to the ____ legislature at the age of ____.	
7. How old was Abraham when his mother died?		15. His Vice Presidents were Hannibal Hamlin and ____ Johnson.	
8. In what state was the first battle of the Civil War?		16. Lincoln was assassinated by John Wilkes ____.	



ABRAHAM LINCOLN

Abraham Lincoln served as the 16th President of the United States from 1861-1865. His predecessors were Hannibal Hamlin and Andrew Johnson. He was the first Republican president.

Lincoln's father died when he was just nine years old. He later lost his land holdings because of property title issues. His father eventually declared bankruptcy and moved the family to Indiana. Lincoln's education included just 18 months of schooling. Lincoln loved to read but because he was a farmer he was unable to buy new books. He married Mary Todd Lincoln in 1841 and they had four children.

Lincoln began to move away from political conservatism in 1832 when the Black Hawk War began. This war involved Native Americans and the US government. Lincoln fought in the war and was promoted to captain. Lincoln later started his political career when he was elected to the Illinois legislature at the age of 25. He went on to study law and got a job at John T. Stuart Firm.

In 1858, Lincoln ran for the U.S. Senate against Senator Stephen A. Douglas. The two held a series of seven debates across Illinois, called Lincoln-Douglas debates. The two opponents argued about slavery, a political issue at the time. Lincoln was against slavery and let it be the subject of his debates. He lost the election.

A few months before Lincoln was elected, seven Southern states had already seceded from the Union. Those states included Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, South Carolina and Texas.

Shortly after Lincoln became president, the Civil War began. Over 75,000 volunteers were recruited into the military to help fight the war. The first battle of the Civil War was April 12, 1861 at Fort Sumter in South Carolina.

As noted in the Lincoln-Douglas debates, Abraham Lincoln publicly opposed slavery. Northern states relied on factories while southern states relied on farming done by the work of enslaved people. The North wanted slavery abolished and the South did not. Southern plantation owners were worried that ending slavery would destroy their economy. The northern states wanted to stay united as one country.

Though slavery was the major factor of political tension, it was not the only issue of the Civil War. Other important issues or causes of the war

included states' rights, the economy, and westward expansion.

Southern states no longer wanted to be a part of the United States. Eleven states eventually left the United States to form a new country called the Confederate States of America. Lincoln said they did not have permission to leave and sent troops to the South to prevent them from leaving. That was the start of the Civil War. In the end, over 600,000 soldiers were killed in the deadliest war in American history.

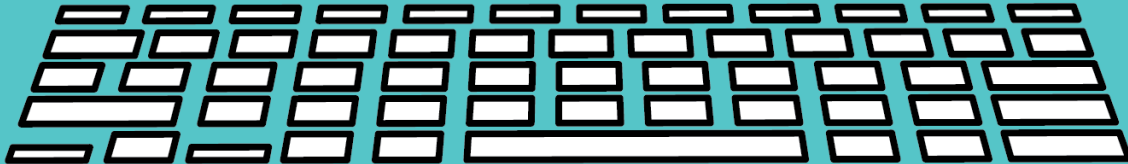
The Emancipation Proclamation was issued by Lincoln on January 1, 1863. The proclamation freed enslaved persons in ten southern Confederate states. His goal was to free all enslaved persons in areas not then under Union control. This presidential order did not end slavery immediately, however, it did provide the basis for the 13th Amendment. Some believe that the Emancipation Proclamation was the start of Reconstruction and restoration in the United States.

The Gettysburg Address was a short, two-minute speech delivered by President Abraham Lincoln in 1863. The speech focused on the principles of equality, freedom and democracy. The Gettysburg Address was written for the dedication to the Soldiers' National Cemetery to honor the dead. The dedication took place on November 19, 1863 in Gettysburg, Pennsylvania. It was four months after the bloody Battle of Gettysburg. This speech was made during the Civil War. He announced that the Civil War wasn't just a fight for the Union, but for "a new birth of freedom." The speech began with "Four score and seven years ago," which was referring to the American Revolution in 1776.

The country hoped that Abraham Lincoln would start the process of Reconstruction and restore the Union. The goal of Reconstruction was to reunify the states and send federal troops to the South to make sure laws were followed and to prevent riots or uprisings.

On December 8, 1863, President Lincoln issued the Proclamation of Amnesty and Reconstruction. This was viewed as an attempt to reunify the country. The goal was to help form a new Confederate state and to help the South.

Lincoln's ideas seemed to be kept in mind. However, he was assassinated and never had the chance to see the completion of his Reconstruction plans. On April 4, 1865, Lincoln was shot by John Wilkes Booth, a Confederate sympathizer. Lincoln was shot at a theatre in Washington, D.C. Booth jumped from the balcony of the theatre and shouted "Sic semper tyrannis" which means "This always to tyrants."





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