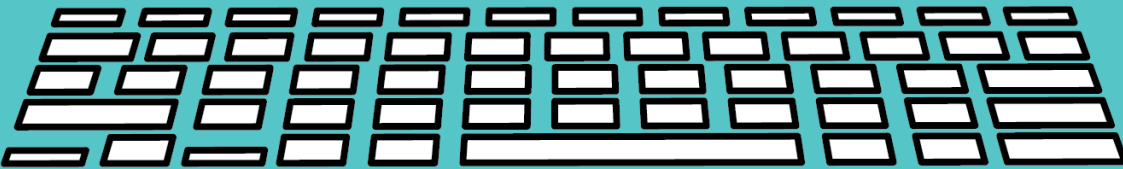
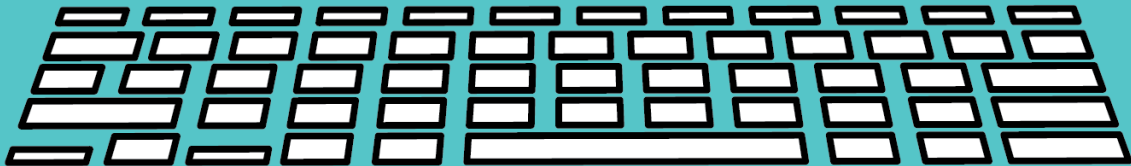




Short Answer	Type Answer Here
1. What state is the Statue of Liberty in?	
2. In what hand is the torch?	
3. What year did America gain its independence?	
4. What color was the statue originally?	
5. How many spikes are on her crown?	
6. What was the ship's name that brought the statue?	
7. The Statue of Liberty is a gift from what country?	
8. What year was Emma Lazarus' poem added?	



Short Answer	Type Answer Here	Fill in the Blank	Type Answer Here
1. What state is the Statue of Liberty?		9. The official name is "Liberty Enlightening the ____".	
2. In what hand is the torch?		10. There is a replica statue in ____, France.	
3. What year did America gain its independence?		11. Sculptor Frederic-Auguste ____ created the statue.	
4. What color was the statue originally?		12. Alexandre-Gustave ____ designed the steel framework.	
5. How many spikes are on her crown?		13. The statue is made from hammered ____.	
6. What was the ship's name that brought the statue?		14. Ellis Island was the largest immigration station in the U.S.	
7. The Statue of Liberty is a gift from what country?		15. She is modeled after a Roman goddess named ____.	
8. What year was Emma Lazarus' poem added?		16. The Statue of Liberty was the idea of Edouard de ____.	



STATUE OF LIBERTY

The Statue of Liberty stands tall on Liberty Island in the New York Harbor. The official name is "Liberty Enlightening the World" but people commonly refer to her as Lady Liberty. The Statue of Liberty is one of the world's most recognizable landmarks. Around four million people visit the landmark each year.

The Statue of Liberty is the idea of a symbol of friendship between the United States and France. The purpose was to celebrate the centennial of the American Revolution and the celebration of the United States' victory in the American Civil War.

The Statue of Liberty represents freedom and democracy. French sculptor Frederic-Auguste Bartholdi created the statue in hammer and anvil. She is modeled after a woman goddess named Libertas. Alexandre-Gustave Eiffel, the engineer who created the Eiffel Tower, designed the steel framework of Lady Liberty.

Over the decades, the Statue of Liberty has become a welcome sight for millions of immigrants as they arrived in America. Lady Liberty is over 300 feet tall and made of green copper patina. The statue was originally brown and took over 30 years to turn green. The green patina formed on the surface due to exposure to the weather.

Lady Liberty was sent from France on a French ship called the "Isere". She was broken down into 350 individual pieces and packed in 24 crates. It took four months for workers to reassemble the statue once it reached New York. She was mounted on the pedestal which was created in America as a joint effort.

The United States did some fundraising to pay for the pedestal. Joseph Pulitzer used his New York newspaper to raise money. The Statue of Liberty is the tallest metal statue ever made.

Emma Lazarus wrote a poem called "The New Colossus" for an auction to raise money for the expensive pedestal. The poem was about welcoming immigrants from other countries. In 1903, a bronze plaque with her poem was inscribed on the monument in her honor.

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Found inside are the words, "Give me your tired, your poor. Your huddled masses yearning to breathe free. The wretched refuse of your teeming shore. Send these, the homeless, tempest-tost to me. I lift my lamp beside the golden door!"

The Statue of Liberty has many hidden meanings. There are broken chains near her feet. Those chains symbolize the struggle for freedom. They symbolize the United States breaking free from tyranny or harsh rulers.

The torch she is holding in her right hand represents liberty and enlightenment. It also symbolizes the way to freedom or the path to Liberty. Her crown has seven spikes. They represent the seven seas and seven continents of the world.

Lady Liberty holds a tablet in her left hand which states the date of America's Independence, which is July 4, 1776. The tablet represents the date of the American Revolution. Her crown has 25 windows which, according to the National Park Service, represent gemstones found on the earth. Her fingernails are each one centimeter long.

The Statue of Liberty actually faces away from the United States. It is believed that she purposely faces out to the sea as a gesture of welcome. There is a replica of the Statue of Liberty in Paris. The replica faces west and aligns with the Statue of Liberty in New York. Lady Liberty became a landmark for European immigrants. As the last part of their journey, once they saw the Statue of Liberty and Ellis Island, they were excited about their new life in the United States.

Ellis Island was the main immigration station in the United States in the early 1900s. Upon entering the United States, immigrants had to go through immigration inspections. They had to pass medical inspection to ensure they did not have diseases with them. The government inspectors also made sure they had money to support themselves once they arrived in the new country.

After 1917, immigrants had to pass more inspections during an inspection. The inspections took time. For those who could not pass the long journey across the ocean, those who could not pass the inspection were sent back home.

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