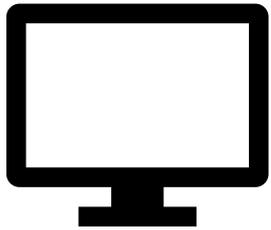


ANCIENT GREECE



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ANCIENT GREECE

Ancient Greece was formed approximately 2500 years ago near the Mediterranean Sea. It had 3 periods – the Archaic Period (800 BC to 508 BC), the Classical Period (ending in 323 BC), and the Hellenistic Period (323 BC to 31 BC).

Persian Wars: The Persian Wars occurred from 492 BC to 449 BC between the Persians and Greeks. The huge Persian Empire stretched from Turkey all the way to the ancient Indus River Valley. It controlled the Middle East after the Babylonian Empire collapsed. Led by Cyrus the Great, Persians first conquered the Median Empire in 550 BC followed by Lydia and Babylonia. Later, Persian rule extended to Mesopotamia, Egypt, Israel, and Turkey.

Greeks, at the time, sent supplies to some of their city-states. Persia did not like the Greeks stopping at outposts in their territory, Turkey. So, they sent warriors to stop the Greeks. The battles of Marathon and Thermopylae resulted in wins for Greece. Xerxes, the Persian King, was angry about the losses. He changed his mission from conquering the Greeks to wiping them out. Sitting on a cliff to watch the Greeks die, Xerxes saw the smaller Greek ships loss burning wood onboard the large Persian ships. Persians abandoned ship only to have the Spartan army wait and attack the Persian warriors. Alexander the Great from Greece is credited with conquering the Persian Empire starting in 334 BC.

Athens, Sparta, and the Peloponnesian War: Athens was one of the oldest and most powerful cities in the world at the time. It was where democracy began and the center of art, science, and philosophy. Athens' name came from Athena, the goddess of wisdom, war, and civilization. The Parthenon, Athens's shrine, is in the center of Athens atop a hill.

Sparta was a powerful city-state as well. Unlike Athens, Spartans studied war and trained to be warriors. Thus, Sparta was known for its army.

The Persian War was over and Athens and Sparta had signed a Thirty Year Peace Treaty. Meanwhile, Athens became powerful and wealthy under Pericles rule. Sparta was jealous and didn't trust Athens anymore. The Peloponnesian War that lasted 27 years began over a conflict about the city of Corinth. The First War lasted 10 years with Athens dominating the sea and Sparta dominating the land. Athens built walls from the city to the seaport to trade from their ships. While Spartans never conquered the walls, many Athenians died due to the plague, including Pericles.

In 421 BC, Athens and Sparta made a truce called the Peace of Nicias, named after the general of the Athenian army. In 415 BC, Athens sent a large

Where is Alexander the Great from? *

- Spain
- Italy
- Greece
- Russia

How many events were in the first ever Olympic games? *

- Seven
- Four
- Twelve
- None of the above

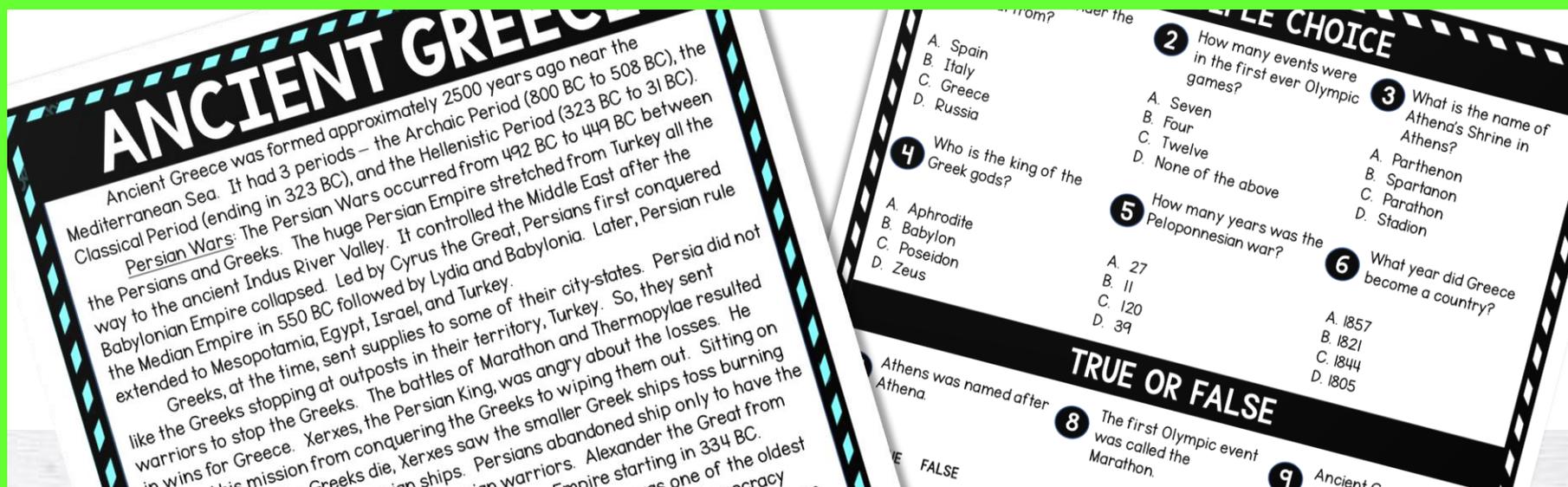
What is the name of Athens's Shrine in Athens? *

- Parthenon
- Spartanon
- Parathon
- Stadion

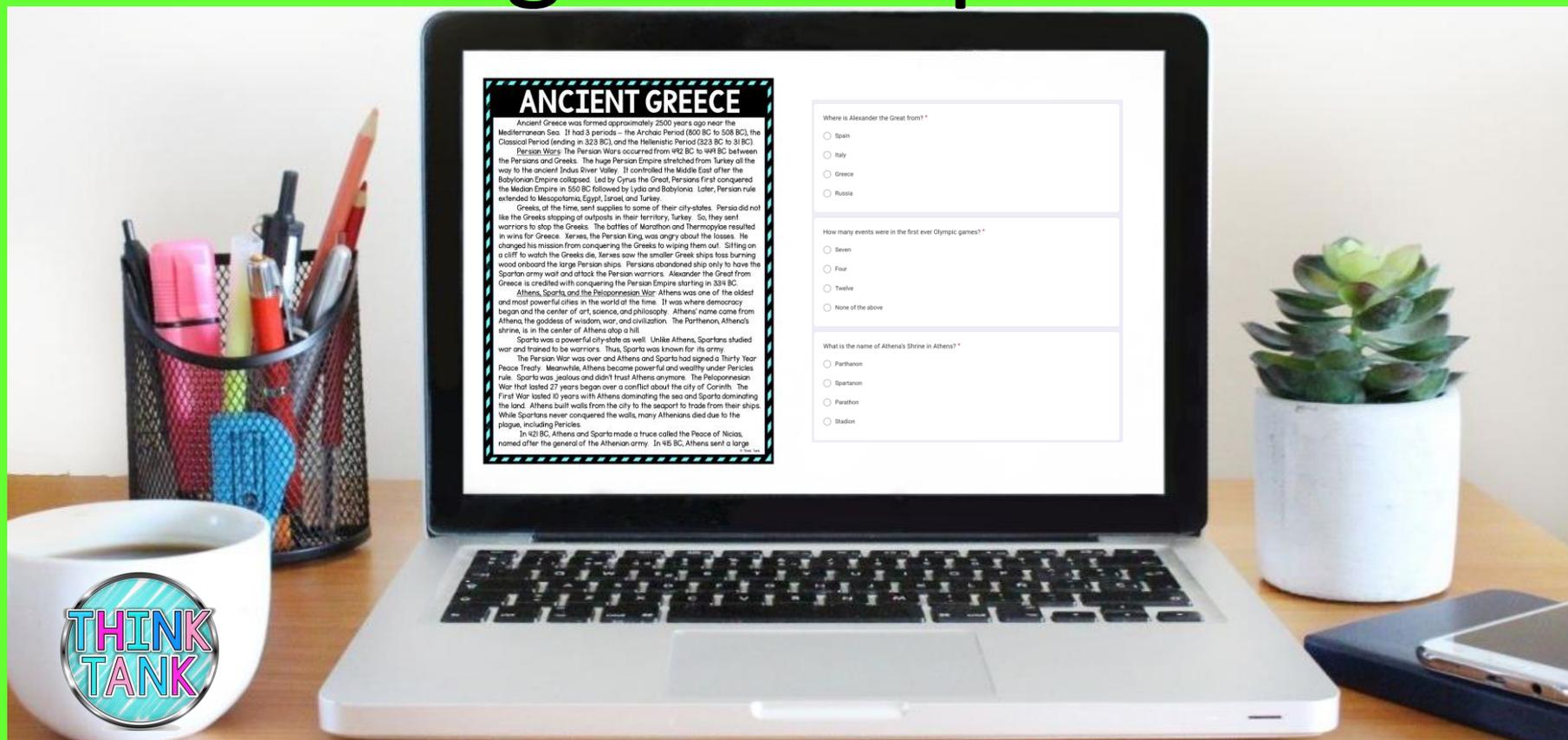


READING PASSAGE

15 QUESTIONS



Digitally or print



INCLUDED

- ✓ READING PASSAGE
- ✓ TEACHER DIRECTIONS
 - ✓ ANSWER KEY
 - ✓ 15 QUESTIONS
 - ✓ SELF-GRADING
- ✓ PRINTABLE VERSION
- ✓ DIGITAL VERSION



QUESTION TYPES

-  **MULTIPLE CHOICE (6)**
-  **TRUE OR FALSE (9)**
-  **EDITABLE QUESTIONS
(FOR DIGITAL VERSION)**

True

False



STUDENTS NEED

✓ ACCESS TO GOOGLE CLASSROOM™
(IF USING THE DIGITAL FORMAT)

✓ GOOGLE™ ACCOUNTS

✓ KNOW HOW TO ZOOM IN AND ZOOM OUT TO
ENLARGE OR SHRINK THE SCREEN

True

False



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-  SAVES YOU TIME
-  COMPREHENSION PRACTICE



OPTIONS



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