

NEW KINGDOM

SCAVENGER HUNT

Q3 How many freedoms are included in the 1st Amendment?

Q4 What is another word for liberties (found in parenthesis)?

Q5 What is a change or addition to the U.S. Constitution known as?

Q6 Many of the delegates from states would not ratify, or sign the Constitution.

Q7 The Bill of Rights was provided for all _____.

Q8 The Bill of Rights has provided the foundation of freedom for all _____.

Q9 Who drafted a Bill of Rights that had 19 amendments?




















Q10 What word means plan of government?

Number where you FOUND the answer to each question.

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10

CODE _____

_____ used as YOUR _____ with just 3 letters.

	=D		=L		=I
	=E		=M		=U
	=F		=N		=V
	=G		=O		=W
	=H		=P		=X
	=I		=Q		=Y
			=R		=Z

Record the letters for each answer below, then use the decoder to find the corresponding letter. If the answer to Question #1 was a _____, then the letter _____ would be used.

LETTERS



<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6

CODE _____

CARD #1

The New Kingdom was the period of time in Ancient Egypt from 1520 BC to 1075 BC. Ancient Egypt was divided into three main kingdoms at different time periods: the Old Kingdom, the Middle Kingdom, and the New Kingdom. The New Kingdom, also known as the Golden Age, was the most prosperous (successful) and powerful one of the three. Ancient Egypt was located along the Nile River in northeast Africa.



THINK TANK

	<input type="checkbox"/>
NILE	<input type="checkbox"/>
	<input type="checkbox"/>
AFRICA	<input type="checkbox"/>

CARD #3

In 1540 BC, a 10 year old boy by the name of Ahmose I became king of Lower Egypt. He was the first ruler of the New Kingdom and defeated the Hyksos to bring Egypt back together under one rule, thus, the New Kingdom.

The 18th Dynasty included Hatshepsut, Akhenaten, Thutmose III, and Tutankhamun. Hatshepsut ruled longer than any other woman of Egypt, reigning for 22 years.

	<input type="checkbox"/>
HATSHEPSUT	<input type="checkbox"/>
	<input type="checkbox"/>
RULER	<input type="checkbox"/>

WHAT'S INCLUDED?

- ✓ 10 READING CARDS
- ✓ 10 QUESTIONS
- ✓ RECORDING SHEET
- ✓ ANSWER KEY
- ✓ STUDENT DIRECTIONS
- ✓ TEACHER DIRECTIONS
- ✓ EXTENSION ACTIVITIES

CARD #1

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CARD #3

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The 18th Dynasty included Hatshepsut, Akhenaten, Thutmose III and Tutankhamun. Hatshepsut ruled

CARD #5

The New Kingdom brought on many conquests of new land. They conquered lands to the south such as Nubia, as well as east such as Lebanon and Syria. They began trading with many other nations, expanding further than before. They also discovered gold mines in one of the areas they conquered, Nubia. They were able to use the gold to buy things from other nations which led them to become a very wealthy civilization.



NUBIA



WEALTHY



TRADING

CARD #7

During the Old Kingdom, they built pyramids and pharaohs were buried in them. The pharaohs were buried in a place called the Valley of the Kings. This was a large site, similar to a graveyard, that held the tombs of pharaohs for over 500 years. These tombs were very large, some with entire rooms dedicated to holding treasures and valuable items. There would also be a special area for the mummy. Ancient Egyptians believed that their souls, or Ka, never died.



TOMBS



KINGS



KA

CARD #9

Ramesses III ruled Ancient Egypt for 31 years when it began to weaken. Foreigners tried to invade, which battles had to be fought. Egypt was doing very poorly because of drought and famine (very little food) and also a lot of corruption in the government. Corruption is dishonest or illegal.



DROUGHT



ILLEGAL

HOW IT WORKS

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DIRECTIONS

ANSWER SHEET - NUMERIC CODE
Record the card number where you FOUND the answer to each question. Questions #1-10 will NOT be found on card #1. You have to read each reading card to find the answer. The card number where you found the answer is the numeric code. Write the letter for the numeric code in the answer key.

CARD #S AND QUESTIONS
Write the answer to each question in the answer sheet in the box provided. If you are answering a question, be sure you are writing the correct answer.

FREEDOMS **ARTICLES OF CONFEDERATION** **AMENDMENT**

CARD #S AND QUESTIONS

Write the answer to each question in the answer sheet in the box provided. If you are answering a question, be sure you are writing the correct answer.

If you are answering a question, be sure you are writing the correct answer.

VOCABULARY PRACTICE

Directions: Choose 5 words from the reading cards that are unfamiliar or new to you and fill in the chart below.

WORD **PICTURE** **DEFINITION**

Record the card number where you FOUND the answer to each question. Questions #1-10 will NOT be found on card #1. You have to read each reading card to find the answer. The card number where you found the answer is the numeric code. Write the letter for the numeric code in the answer key.

ANSWER SHEET - NUMERIC CODE
Record the card number where you FOUND the answer to each question. Questions #1-10 will NOT be found on card #1. You have to read each reading card to find the answer. The card number where you found the answer is the numeric code. Write the letter for the numeric code in the answer key.

Record the card number where you FOUND the answer to each question. Questions #1-10 will NOT be found on card #1. You have to read each reading card to find the answer. The card number where you found the answer is the numeric code. Write the letter for the numeric code in the answer key.

=A	=S
=B	=T
=C	=U
=D	
=E	
=F	
=G	
=H	
=I	

SUMMARY

TOPIC SENTENCE

SUPPORTING DETAIL SUPPORTING DETAIL

Record the letters for each question in the answer key. If the answer is a word, write the word in the answer key.

LETTERS

Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4

Eliminate the highest number used as a key for all numbers that start with the letter F.

10 READING CARDS

CARD #1

The New Kingdom was the period of time in Egypt from 1520 BC to 1075 BC. Ancient Egypt was divided into three main kingdoms at different periods: the Old Kingdom, the Middle Kingdom, and the New Kingdom. The New Kingdom, also known as the Golden Age, was the most prosperous and powerful one of the three. Ancient Egypt was established along the Nile River in northern Egypt.

GOLDEN **NILE**

CARD #2

There were 3 dynasties throughout the New Kingdom period; the 18th, 19th and 20th. A dynasty is a family who rules over a period of time. The New Kingdom was noted for its territorial expansion, monumental architecture, and religious reforms. Before the New Kingdom, and after the New Kingdom, Egypt was ruled by pharaohs.

DYNASTY **HATSHEPSUT** **RULED**

CARD #3

In 1540 BC, a 10 year old boy by the name of Ahmose I became king of Lower Egypt. He was the first ruler of the New Kingdom and defeated the Hyksos to bring Egypt back together under one ruler, thus, the New Kingdom.

The 18th Dynasty included Hatshepsut, Akhenaten, and Thutmose III. Hatshepsut was the longest ruling female pharaoh in Egypt, ruling for 22 years.

NUBIA **WEALTHY** **TRADING**

CARD #4

King Tut, or Tutankhamun, only served as king for 4 years. He became king at age 9 and died when he was 19 years old. Howard Carter discovered the tomb in 1922 during an expedition in Egypt. Amenhotep III ruled for 38 years and was very well known because of the wealth, peace and stability he brought to Egypt. Egypt was at its height during his time as pharaoh. Thutmose III ruled for 43 years.

TOMBS **DROUGHT** **ILLEGAL** **FAMINE**

CARD #5

The New Kingdom brought on many conquests of new land. They conquered lands to the south such as Nubia, as well as east such as Lebanon and Syria. They began trading with many other nations, expanding further than before. They also discovered gold mines in one of the areas they conquered, Nubia. They were able to use the gold to buy things from other nations which led them to become a very wealthy civilization.

ANSWER SHEET: ALPHA CODE

Use the decoder to determine which LETTER your answer choice indicates (based on the questions on the other page). Refer back to the card WHERE you FOUND the answer to determine the letters.

=A	=J	=S
=B	=K	=T

CARD #6

Because of the wealth they had, the pharaohs built temples to honor the gods of Egypt.

ANSWER SHEET: NUMERIC CODE

Answer the questions below by skimming the reading cards seeking TEXT EVIDENCE. Question # 1 will NOT be found on card # 1, you'll have to visit each reading card to find your answer. Be sure to indicate WHERE you found the answer at the bottom of this page. Then, refer back to THAT card (where you FOUND the answer) to determine the letter for the ALPHA code on the next page.

Q1 _____ ruled longer than any other woman of Egypt.	Q6 What word means there is very little food available?
Q2 _____ was the god of the sun and the life-giving force of Egypt.	Q7 During the Second Intermediate Period, northern Egypt was ruled by the _____.
Q3 How many pharaohs had the name Ramesses (or Ramesses)?	Q8 In what area did they discover gold?
Q4 The _____ period of Egyptian history lasted just 16 years.	Q9 The New Kingdom was also known as the _____ Age.
Q5 _____ ruled for 43 years and greatly expanded the Egyptian empire.	Q10 The pharaohs were buried in a place called the Valley of the _____.

Refer to the card number where you FOUND the answer to each question.

Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
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CARD #7

During the Old Kingdom, they built pyramids. The pharaohs were buried in them. The pyramids were buried in a place called the Valley of the Kings. It was a large site, similar to a graveyard. The tombs of pharaohs for over 500 years were very large, some with entire rooms for holding treasures and valuable items. There was a special area for the mummies. It was believed that their spirits would live on.

AMARNA **AKHENATEN**

CARD #8

Pharaoh Akhenaten tried to change the religion of Egypt from polytheistic (many gods) to monotheistic (one god). He named the new city Amarna to honor his new god, Aten. The Amarna period lasted just 16 years.

INTERMEDIATE **ATTACK**

CARD #9

Ramesses III ruled Ancient Egypt for 31 years when it began to weaken. Many foreign invaders tried to invade, which meant many battles had to be fought. Egypt was already in a state of weakness because of a drought and famine (very little food) during his reign. Corruption is dishonest or illegal behavior.

CARD #10

The battles, the famine, and the corruption led to Egypt becoming united after Ramesses III reigned. Ramesses XI was the last pharaoh to rule in the New Kingdom. There were eleven pharaohs with the name Ramesses (or Ramesses) during the 19th and 20th Dynasties. The Second Intermediate Period followed the New Kingdom. During this time, foreign invaders attacked Egypt.

CITE EVIDENCE



ANSWER SHEET: NUMERIC CODE

Answer the questions below by skimming the reading cards seeking TEXT EVIDENCE. Question # 1 will NOT be found on card # 1, you'll have to visit each reading card to find your answer. Be sure to indicate WHERE you found the answer at the bottom of this page. Then, refer back to THAT card (where you FOUND the answer) to determine the letter for the ALPHA code on the next page.

Q1 ____ ruled longer than any other woman of Egypt.	Q6 What word means there is very little food available?
Q2 What was Thoth the god of?	Q7 During the Second Intermediate Period, northern Egypt was ruled by the ____.
Q3 How many pharaohs had the name Ramesses (or Ramses)?	Q8 In what area did they discover gold?
Q4 The ____ period of Akhenaten lasted just 16 years.	Q9 The New Kingdom was also known as the ____ Age.
Q5 ____ III ruled for 54 years and greatly expanded the Egyptian empire.	Q10 The pharaohs were buried in a place called the Valley of the ____.

Write the card number where you FOUND the answer to each question.

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10

ALPHA CODE

For each answer below, then use the decoder to grab the corresponding letter. If the answer to Question # 1 was a crown, the letter would be C.

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10

Eliminate the highest & lowest number used as one of YOUR answers.
Get rid of all numbers that are not used as one of YOUR answers.
How many letters remain? _____
Do not change the order.

1

STUDENTS MAY START AT ANY QUESTION AND VISIT THE CARDS SEVERAL TIMES SEEKING TEXT EVIDENCE.

2

STUDENTS WILL RECORD **WHERE THEY FOUND THE ANSWER.**

3

STUDENTS WILL USE THE CLUES TO DETERMINE A 4-DIGIT ALPHA CODE AND 4-DIGIT NUMERIC CODE.

COMBINATION










This scavenger hunt is a winning combination of:

- ✓ movement
- ✓ close reading
- ✓ comprehension skills
- ✓ secret codes
- ✓ citing evidence
- ✓ critical thinking

Everything a teacher dreams of wrapped up into one FUN and engaging activity!

OPTIONS

THINK OUTSIDE THE BOX!

-  Anticipatory sets
-  Unit review
-  Early finishers
-  Stations
-  Sub plans
-  Partner work
-  Enrichment

-  Movement
-  Cross-curricular
-  Highly engaging

