

# REVOLUTIONARY WAR CAUSES

## SCAVENGER HUNT

The Boston Tea Party in 1770, killing 5 men.

Q3 What word means a refusal to buy goods?

Q4 The Battles of Lexington and the Revolutionary War. --- were the first battles of the Revolutionary War.

Q5 One of the laws closed the Harbor to prevent trade.

Q6 There were several factors led the 13 colonies to

Q7 The colonies controlled by a single power across the ocean.

Q8 What act placed a tax on all printed goods?

Q9 What is the British government called?


















Q10 In the Boston Harbor, how many ships did the Sons of Liberty board?

Number where you FOUND the answer to each question.

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10

CODE

Answer used as YOUR CODE with 5 letters

	=D		=L		=I
	=E		=M		=U
	=F		=N		=V
	=G		=O		=W
	=H		=P		=X
	=I		=Q		=Y
			=R		=Z

Record the letters for each answer below, then use the decoder to find the corresponding letter. If the answer to Question #1 was a 5-letter word, the letters would be: Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q5

ALPHA CODE



<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6

Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q5 Q6

### CARD #3




Every war costs money, and Britain needed the money to help pay for the troops and supplies. British troops were also stationed in the colonies after the war for protection. The British Parliament (government) believed the colonies should pay the debt since it was their responsibility for this reason, they taxed the colonists unfairly.

**THINK TANK**

	
PARLIAMENT	TAXES

### CARD #1

The Revolutionary War began in 1775 and was fought for independence from Great Britain. There were several factors that led the 13 colonies to fight for independence and become their own nation, starting with taxation.

		
FACTORS	REVOLUTIONARY	WAR



# WHAT'S INCLUDED?

- ✓ 10 READING CARDS
- ✓ 10 QUESTIONS
- ✓ RECORDING SHEET
- ✓ ANSWER KEY
- ✓ STUDENT DIRECTIONS
- ✓ TEACHER DIRECTIONS
- ✓ EXTENSION ACTIVITIES

## CARD #1

The Revolutionary War began in 1775 and was fought for independence from Great Britain. There were several factors that led the 13 colonies to fight for independence and become their own nation, starting with

## CARD #3

Every war costs money, and Britain needed the money to help pay for the troops and supplies. British troops were also stationed in the colonies after the war for protection. The British Parliament (government) believed the colonists should pay the debt since it was their

## CARD #5

Tensions rose as the British government started to become more involved with the 13 colonies. Protests erupted as the colonists became more and more angry. A group of Patriots in Boston, who called themselves the Sons of Liberty, started protesting the taxes and laws. The protests led to violence in 1770 when the British soldiers fired into a crowd of colonists, killing five men. This event became known as the Boston Massacre.



PATRIOTS



MASSACRE



COLONISTS

## CARD #7

One of the laws, for example, was to close the Boston Harbor which prevented trade. As a result, other colonies sent supplies to Boston during the blockade of the harbor to help. These acts made the colonists even more united to fight for independence.



ACTS



LAWS



BOSTON

## CARD #9

All these events and more, increased the desire to become an independent nation. The colonists were not getting what they had come to America for. They were being controlled by a king across the ocean. People began to realize that they would once again have their freedoms, just like they did in England.



OCEAN



KING

## HOW IT WORKS

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**ANSWER SHEET - NUMERIC CODE**

Record the card number where you FOUND the answer to each question. Questions #1-10 will be found on card #1-10. Questions #11-20 will be found on card #11-20. Questions #21-30 will be found on card #21-30. Questions #31-40 will be found on card #31-40. Questions #41-50 will be found on card #41-50. Questions #51-60 will be found on card #51-60. Questions #61-70 will be found on card #61-70. Questions #71-80 will be found on card #71-80. Questions #81-90 will be found on card #81-90. Questions #91-100 will be found on card #91-100.

**CARD #1**

The Bill of Rights is a part of the original US Constitution. It includes the first ten amendments. An amendment is a change to the US Constitution. Each of the ten amendments outlines very different issues. These amendments guarantee basic rights and freedoms to the citizens of the United States. The Bill of Rights was drafted independently from the US Constitution, then added later. Before the Constitution, the original 13 states were under the authority of the Articles of Confederation.

FREEDOMS ARTICLES OF CONFEDERATION AMENDMENT

## CARD #S AND QUESTIONS

Write the answer to each question on the answer sheet in the box provided. If you are answering a question, be sure you are writing the correct answer.

Record the card number where you FOUND the answer to each question.

Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q5 Q6 Q7 Q8 Q9 Q10

**ANSWER SHEET - NUMERIC CODE**

Eliminate the highest & lowest number used as your answer. All numbers are spelled with just one letter. Numbers that start with the letter F. Do not change the order of the numbers.

Record the card number where you FOUND the answer to determine the letters.

	=A		=S
	=B		=T
	=C		=U
	=D		
	=E		
	=F		
	=G		
	=H		
	=I		

## SUMMARY

TOPIC SENTENCE

SUPPORTING DETAIL SUPPORTING DETAIL

## VOCABULARY PRACTICE

Directions: Choose 5 words from the reading cards that are unfamiliar or new to you and fill in the chart below.

WORD	PICTURE	DEFINITION

Record the letters for each corresponding letter. If the answer is a letter, write the letter in the box. If the answer is a number, write the number in the box. Eliminate the highest & lowest number used as your answer.

Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4

Eliminate the highest & lowest number used as your answer.



# 10 READING CARDS

**CARD #1**

The Revolutionary War began in 1775. It was fought for independence from Britain. There were several factors that led to the 13 colonies to fight for independence. They wanted to become their own nation, start their own government, and stop British taxation.

**INDEPENDENCE**   **REVOLUTIONARY**   **WAR**

**CARD #2**

One of the factors that led to the Revolutionary War was the debt (money owed) of the French and Indian War. The French and Indian War was fought by the colonists against France. Each side had Native American allies.

**DEBT**   **WAR**   **INDIAN**   **ALLIES**

**CARD #3**

Every war costs money, and Britain needed money to help pay for the troops and supplies. British troops were also stationed in the colonies after the war for protection. The British Parliament (government) believed the colonists should pay for the war since it was their fault. The colonists felt that the British taxed them unfairly.

**TROOPS**   **PARLIAMENT**   **TAXES**   **UNFAIRLY**

**CARD #4**

Before 1764, the British government allowed the colonies to govern themselves. As time went on, Britain continued imposing new taxes and laws. There were taxes collected through British laws such as the Sugar Act and the Stamp Act. The Stamp Act placed a tax on all printed materials like newspapers and playing cards. The colonists did not believe any of these laws were fair and started the Boston Tea Party.

**GOVERN**   **TAXES**   **LAW**   **ACT**   **PRINTED**   **MATERIALS**   **UNFAIR**   **STARTED**

**CARD #5**

Tensions rose as the British government started to become more involved with the 13 colonies. Protests erupted as the colonists became more and more angry. A group of Patriots in Boston, who called themselves the Sons of Liberty, started protesting the taxes and laws. The protests led to violence in 1770 when the British soldiers fired into a crowd of colonists, killing five men. This event became known as the Boston Massacre.

**PATRIOTS**   **MASSACRE**   **COLONISTS**

**CARD #6**

Britain later imposed a new, unfair tax on tea in 1773. The Sons of Liberty boarded three ships sitting in Boston Harbor and threw the tea overboard.

**TEA**   **SHIPS**   **BOARDS**   **TEA**

**CARD #7**

One of the laws, for example, was to close the Boston Harbor which stopped the trade. As a result, other colonies sent supplies to Boston during the winter to help. These supplies were used to help the colonists even more until they declared their independence.

**ACTS**   **HARBOR**   **TRADE**   **COLONIES**   **WINTER**   **DECLARED**   **INDEPENDENCE**

**CARD #8**

On September 17, 1774, the First Continental Congress gathered in Philadelphia. It was made up of 12 of the 13 colonies. They sent a petition to King George III asking that he stop the Intolerable Acts. They also asked for their petition, which was ignored by the British. The Intolerable Acts led to a boycott of British goods.

**PHILADELPHIA**   **BOYCOTT**   **CONGRESS**   **PETITION**   **ACTS**   **BOYCOTT**

**CARD #9**

All these events and more, increased the colonists' desire to become an independent country. They felt that they were not getting the freedoms that they had come to America for, and they wanted to be free from being controlled by a king who was across the ocean. People began to realize that they wanted their own freedoms, just like they did in Britain.

**OCEAN**   **KING**   **AMERICA**   **INDEPENDENT**   **DESIRES**   **REALIZED**   **THEIR**   **OWN**   **FREEDOMS**

**CARD #10**

In 1775, British soldiers were ordered to arrest American rebels, which led to a fight between the British and the Americans. This was the start of the Battles of Lexington and Concord. The British were defeated, and this marked the start of the Revolutionary War. On April 19, 1775, the British evacuated Boston and moved back to New York City.

**SOLDIERS**   **LEXINGTON**   **CONCORD**   **REVOLUTIONARY**   **WAR**   **DEFEATED**   **EVACUATED**   **BOSTON**   **NEW**   **YORK**   **CITY**

**ANSWER SHEET: ALPHA CODE**

Use the decoder to determine which LETTER your answer choice indicates (based on the questions on the other page). Refer back to the card WHERE you FOUND the answer to determine the letters.

	=A		=J		=S
	=B		=K		=T
	=C		=L		=U

**ANSWER SHEET: NUMERIC CODE**

Answer the questions below by skimming the reading cards seeking TEXT EVIDENCE. Question # 1 will NOT be found on card # 1, you'll have to visit each reading card to find your answer. Be sure to indicate WHERE you found the answer at the bottom of this page. Then, refer back to THAT card (where you FOUND the answer) to determine the letter for the ALPHA code on the next page.

Q1	The Boston ____ happened in 1770, killing 5 men.	Q6	The French and ____ War was from 1754 to 1763.
Q2	What word means a refusal to buy goods?	Q7	The colonists were being controlled by a ____ who was across the ocean.
Q3	The Battle of ____ Lexington and ____ were the first battles of the Revolutionary War.	Q8	What act placed a tax on all printed goods?
Q4	One of the laws closed the ____ harbor to prevent trade.	Q9	What is the British government called?
Q5	There were several factors that led the 13 colonies to fight for ____.	Q10	In the Boston Harbor, how many ships did the Sons of Liberty board?

Refer to the card number where you FOUND the answer to each question.

Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
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# CITE EVIDENCE



**ANSWER SHEET: NUMERIC CODE**

Answer the questions below by skimming the reading cards seeking TEXT EVIDENCE. Question # 1 will NOT be found on card # 1, you'll have to visit each reading card to find your answer. Be sure to indicate WHERE you found the answer at the bottom of this page. Then, refer back to THAT card (where you FOUND the answer) to determine the letter for the ALPHA code on the next page.

Q1 The Boston ___ happened in 1770, killing 5 men.	Q6 The French and ___ War was from 1754 to 1763.
Q2 What word means a refusal to buy goods?	Q7 The colonists were being controlled by a ___ who was across the ocean.
Q3 The Battles of Lexington and ___ were the first battles of the Revolutionary War.	Q8 What act placed a tax on all printed goods?
Q4 One of the laws closed the ___ Harbor to prevent trade.	Q9 What is the British government called?
Q5 There were several factors that led the 13 colonies to fight for ___.	Q10 In the Boston Harbor, how many ships did the Sons of Liberty board?

Write the card number where you FOUND the answer to each question.

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10	

**NUMERIC CODE**

Eliminate the highest & lowest number used as one of YOUR answers.  
 Get rid of all numbers that are not used as one of YOUR answers.

1

**STUDENTS MAY START AT ANY QUESTION AND VISIT THE CARDS SEVERAL TIMES SEEKING TEXT EVIDENCE.**

2

**STUDENTS WILL RECORD **WHERE** THEY FOUND THE ANSWER.**

3

**STUDENTS WILL USE THE CLUES TO DETERMINE A 4-DIGIT ALPHA CODE AND 4-DIGIT NUMERIC CODE.**

**ALPHA CODE**

For each answer below, then use the decoder to grab the correct letter. If the answer to Question # 1 was a crown, the letter would be C.

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10	

Eliminate the highest CONSONANT used as one of YOUR answers.  
 Eliminate the lowest CONSONANT used as one of YOUR answers.  
 Eliminate the highest VOWEL used as one of YOUR answers.  
 Eliminate the lowest VOWEL used as one of YOUR answers.

How many letters remain?

Do not change the order.

# COMBINATION



This scavenger hunt is a winning combination of:








- ✓ movement
- ✓ close reading
- ✓ comprehension skills
- ✓ secret codes
- ✓ citing evidence
- ✓ critical thinking

Everything a teacher dreams of wrapped up into one FUN and engaging activity!



# OPTIONS

THINK OUTSIDE THE BOX!

-  Anticipatory sets
-  Unit review
-  Early finishers
-  Stations
-  Sub plans
-  Partner work
-  Enrichment

-  Movement
-  Cross-curricular
-  Highly engaging

