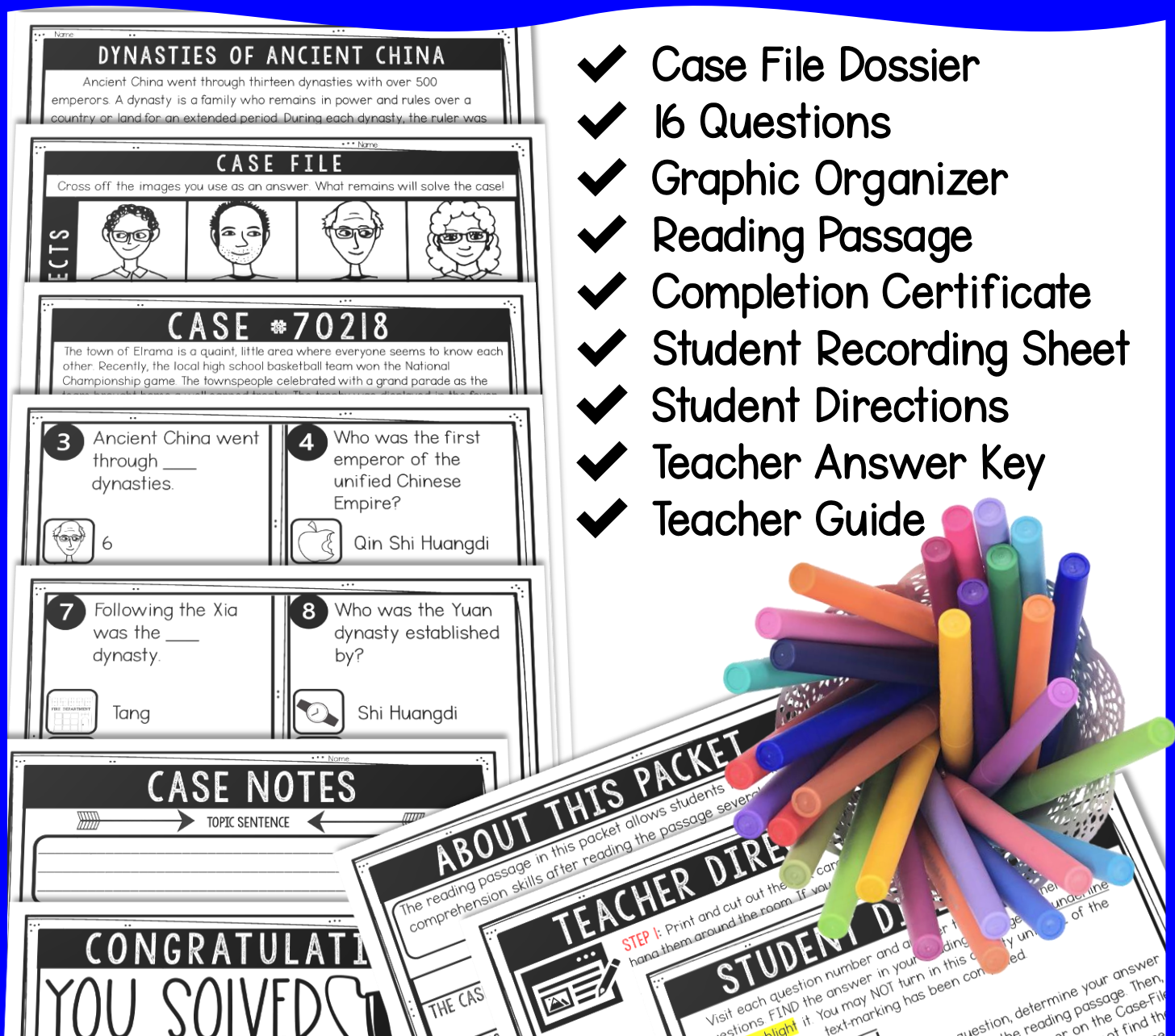


WHAT'S INCLUDED?



- ✓ Case File Dossier
- ✓ 16 Questions
- ✓ Graphic Organizer
- ✓ Reading Passage
- ✓ Completion Certificate
- ✓ Student Recording Sheet
- ✓ Student Directions
- ✓ Teacher Answer Key
- ✓ Teacher Guide

DYNASTIES OF ANCIENT CHINA
Ancient China went through thirteen dynasties with over 500 emperors. A dynasty is a family who remains in power and rules over a country or land for an extended period. During each dynasty, the ruler was


CASE FILE
Cross off the images you use as an answer. What remains will solve the case!

FACTS

CASE #70218
The town of Elrama is a quaint, little area where everyone seems to know each other. Recently, the local high school basketball team won the National Championship game. The townspeople celebrated with a grand parade as the


3 Ancient China went through ____ dynasties.

4 Who was the first emperor of the unified Chinese Empire?

6  Qin Shi Huangdi

7 Following the Xia was the ____ dynasty.

8 Who was the Yuan dynasty established by?

Tang  Shi Huangdi

CASE NOTES
TOPIC SENTENCE

CONGRATULATIONS YOU SOLVED IT!

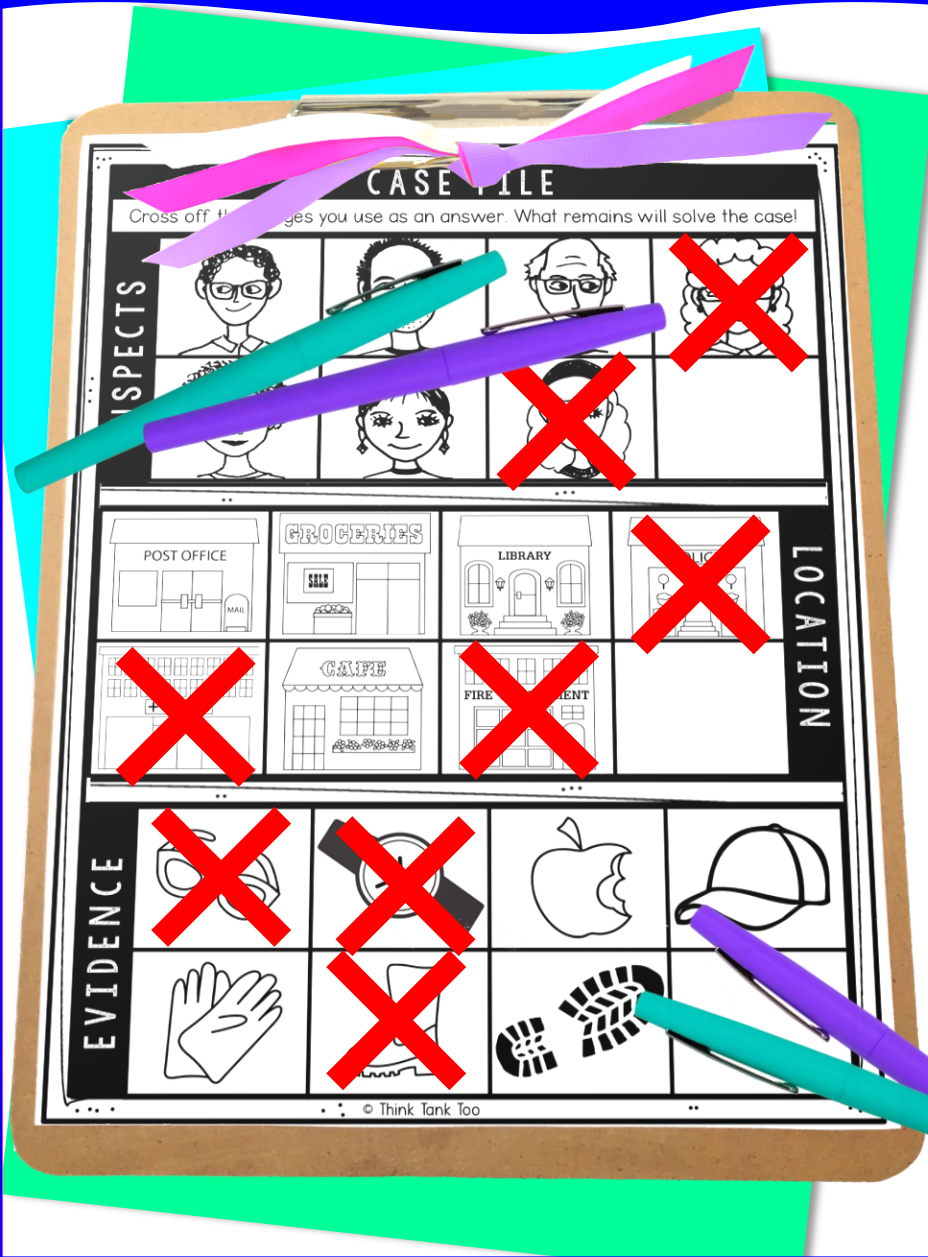
ABOUT THIS PACKET
The reading passage in this packet allows students to practice reading comprehension skills after reading the passage several times.

TEACHER DIRECTIONS
STEP 1: Print and cut out the pages. If you have a lot of students, you can have them around the room. If you have a small class, you can have them around the room.

STUDENT DIRECTIONS
Visit each question number and answer the question. **FIND** the answer in your reading passage. **Underline** the answer. You may NOT turn in this case file until you have **underlined** the answer. If you have text-marking has been completed.

CASE DOSSIER

As students answer each question, they will eliminate suspects, locations, and evidence.



16 QUESTIONS

CONGRATULATIONS SOLVED CASE!

NAME: _____

CASE NO. _____

TOPIC SENTENCE _____

WRITING DETAIL _____

SUPPORTING DETAIL _____

12 What did Kublai Khan introduce to China?

- Compass
- Gunpowder
- Paper money
- None of these

13 Who was the last emperor of Ancient China?

- Qing
- Manchu
- Hongwu

7 Following the Xia was the _____ dynasty.

- Tang
- Sui
- Qing
- Shang

8 Who was the first emperor of the Qin dynasty established by?

- Shi Huang
- Zhu Yu
- Yu the Great
- Kublai Khan

9 During each dynasty, the ruler was called the "_____" or emperor.

- Wen
- Yongli
- Manchu
- Hongwu

10 The name _____ means _____.

- F
- Zhou
- Xia
- Ming

3 Ancient China went through _____ dynasties.

- 6
- 9
- 13
- 16

5 Which dynasty became known as the "Golden Age"?

- Zhou
- Xia
- Ming

6 How many emperors ruled Ancient China?

- Over 900

15 During the Tang dynasty, the only woman to ever rule as empress was _____.

- Han Gaozu
- Liu Bang

16 The _____ dynasty ruled China longer than any other dynasty in China.

- Zhou
- Tang

TEXT MARKING

After answering each question, students will find evidence in the text to support their answer.

DYNASTIES OF ANCIENT CHINA

Ancient China went through thirteen dynasties with over 500 emperors. A dynasty is a family who remains in power and rules over a country or land for an extended period. During each dynasty, the ruler was called the "Huangdi" or "Emperor." When an emperor's power was usually passed down to his oldest son.

During the first three dynasties in China, the country was not united, with different kingdoms in the area. The first dynasty was the Xia, founded by Xia Yu. Very little is known about this dynasty, and some don't believe it existed. Following the Xia was the Shang dynasty, sometimes referred to as the Yin dynasty. This dynasty ruled along the Yellow River for roughly 500 years and grew weak due to constant fighting. The Shang was the first dynasty to have a written record of events. The Zhou dynasty followed the Shang and ruled China longer than any other dynasty in China.

In 221 BC, Qin Shi Huangdi of the Qin dynasty brought all of China under one rule as the first emperor of the unified Chinese Empire. Qin Shi was a harsh emperor, but also contributed to many advancements during his brief time in power. He began building the Great Wall of China, created a writing system, and built roads and canals that made travel and trade easier. He was buried with the Terracotta Army.

Liu Bang established the Han dynasty and changed his name to Emperor Han Gaozu. The name Gaozu means "high ancestor." Gaozu became emperor after killing Shi Huangdi. The Hans established China's government and made many changes. They brought culture and religion into it from other countries. They also introduced Confucianism which focused on honesty and treating others well. They developed new technology and new inventions, including paper. The Silk Road, a trading route that traveled through China all the way to Europe, was also established during this time.

By the end of the Han dynasty, the empire became divided. This period was known as the Period of Disunion and lasted for over 350 years.

