

CIVIL WAR RECONSTRUCTION



DIGITAL



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CIVIL WAR RECONSTRUCTION

President Abraham Lincoln delivered the Emancipation Proclamation in 1863 with a future goal of ending slavery. Some believe that was the start of Reconstruction and restoration in the United States.

The Reconstruction Era truly began at the end of the Civil War from 1865 to 1877. The goal was to rebuild the southern states.

Even though the South surrendered in the Civil War, they still disagreed with the North about the national government's role. Many southern states were destroyed during the Civil War. Plantations were burned down, crops were ruined and former slaves were homeless. Some northerners moved to the South to make money off of the rebuilding. These people were nicknamed carpetbaggers.

The country turned to Abraham Lincoln to start the process of Reconstruction and rebuilding. The goal of Reconstruction was to reunify the Confederate and Union states. Federal troops were sent to the South to make sure laws were being followed and to prevent chaos or uprisings.

On December 8, 1863, President Lincoln issued the Proclamation of Amnesty and Reconstruction. This was viewed as an attempt to reunify. The goal was to help former Confederate states be readmitted to the Union.

Under Reconstruction, Lincoln wanted to make it a simple process for southern states to rejoin the Union. Lincoln wanted new, reconstructed governments in southern Confederate states.

There were some members of Congress who opposed Lincoln's reconstruction plans. They believed the South should return to the way it was and be left unchanged. With Lincoln's plan, any state that rejoined the Union would be required to make slavery illegal.

Lincoln created the Freedmen's Bureau which gave clothing, food and medicine to those in need. Lincoln also offered jobs and schooling to freedmen or ex-slaves.

In January of 1865, the 13th Amendment of the United States Constitution abolished, or ended, slavery.

Lincoln's ideas seemed to be keeping the nation at peace. Sadly, he was assassinated and never had the chance to follow through with all of his reconstruction plans. On April 4, 1865, Lincoln was killed by John Wilkes Booth, a Confederate sympathizer. Lincoln was shot at the Ford Theatre in

What amendment abolished slavery? *

2nd

17th

13th

None of the above

What year was the 15th Amendment passed? *

1924

1870

1843

1890

In what theatre was Lincoln shot? *

Grant

Lincoln

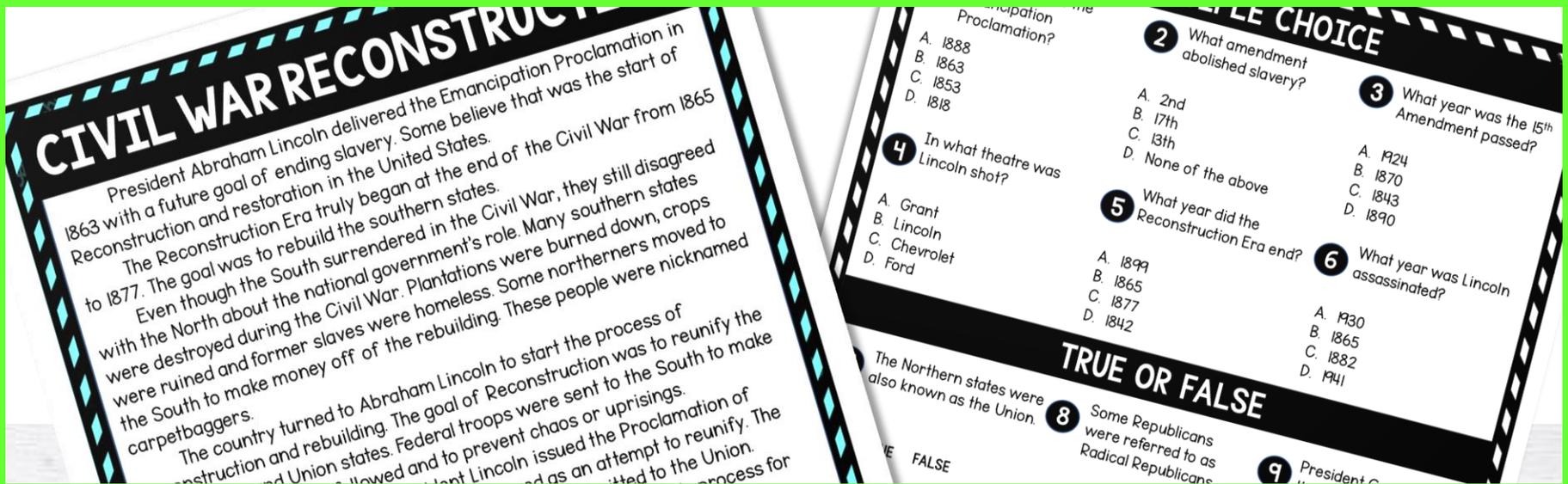
Chevrolet

Ford

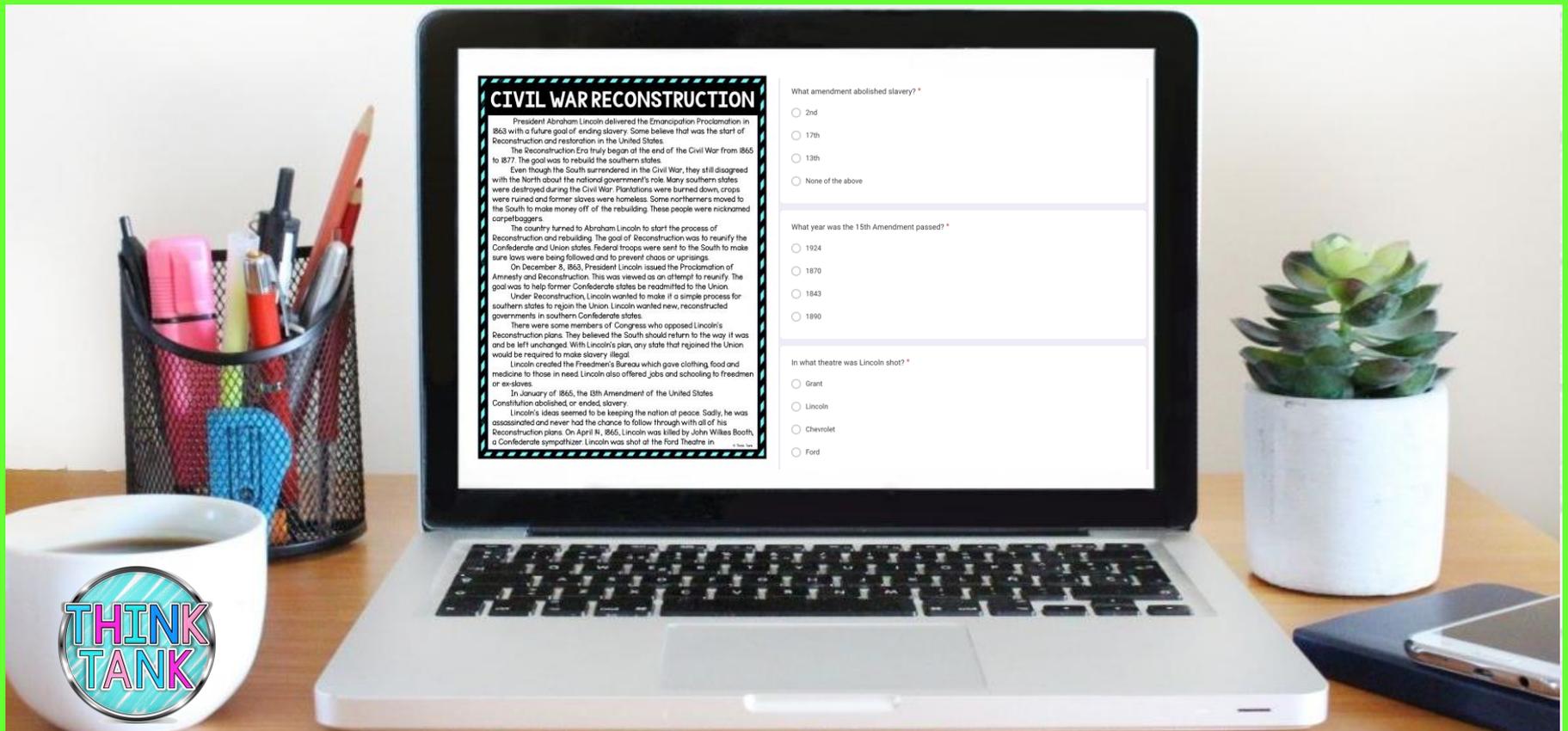


READING PASSAGE

15 QUESTIONS



DIGITAL OR PRINT



INCLUDED

- ✓ READING PASSAGE
- ✓ TEACHER DIRECTIONS
 - ✓ ANSWER KEY
 - ✓ 15 QUESTIONS
 - ✓ SELF-GRADING
- ✓ PRINTABLE VERSION
- ✓ DIGITAL VERSION



QUESTION TYPES

-  **MULTIPLE CHOICE (6)**
-  **TRUE OR FALSE (9)**
-  **EDITABLE QUESTIONS
(FOR DIGITAL VERSION)**

True

False



STUDENTS NEED

✓ ACCESS TO GOOGLE CLASSROOM™
(IF USING THE DIGITAL FORMAT)

✓ GOOGLE™ ACCOUNTS

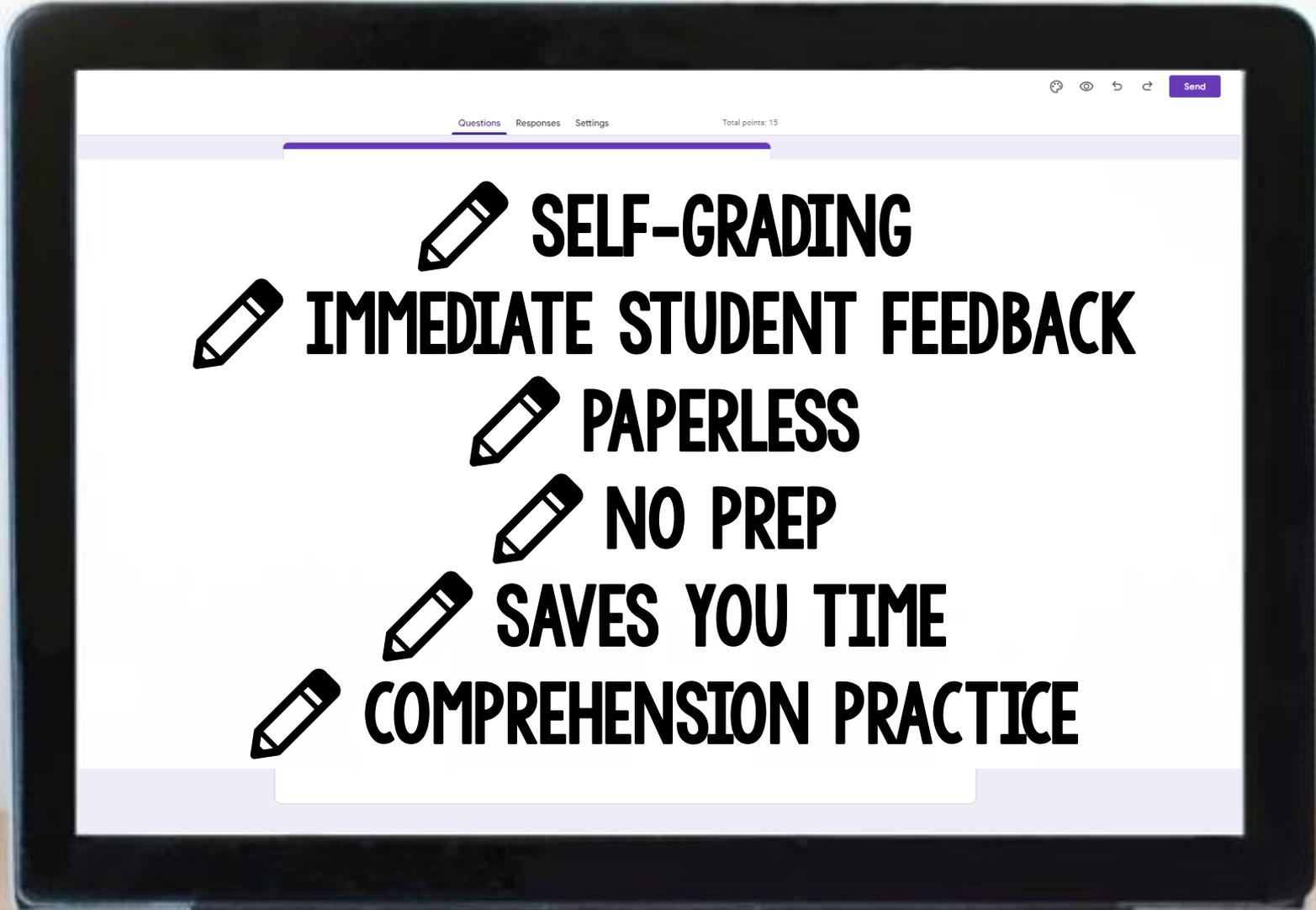
✓ KNOW HOW TO ZOOM IN AND ZOOM OUT TO
ENLARGE OR SHRINK THE SCREEN

True

False



BENEFITS

- 
-  SELF-GRADING
 -  IMMEDIATE STUDENT FEEDBACK
 -  PAPERLESS
 -  NO PREP
 -  SAVES YOU TIME
 -  COMPREHENSION PRACTICE



OPTIONS



FRONT-LOADING



GROUP STATIONS



SUB PLANS



UNIT REVIEW



ENRICHMENT ACTIVITY



DIGITAL



PRINTABLE

