

JAMES MONROE

COLOR BY NUMBER

JAMES MONROE
James Monroe, a soldier, diplomat, Founding Father, and politician, was the fifth president of the United States. As a popular president known for his diplomacy, Monroe brought national wealth and westward expansion to the country.
Monroe was born on April 28, 1758, in the colony of Virginia. At the age of 16, he attended the College of William and Mary in Williamsburg. The college was founded by royal charter in 1693 and was one of the oldest and most prestigious institutions in the country. Monroe's education was cut short by the Revolutionary War. Monroe joined the Continental Army and fought against Britain in 1776.

... Name _____

COLOR BY NUMBER
Answer the questions on the other page then color the WHOLE WORD below based on your answer. Next, write a summary statement or the main idea. Don't forget to underline the answers IN THE PASSAGE with the same color.

11 UNITED
12 MONROE

4 Under his administration, _____ war. _____ U.S. territories became states. **YELLOW**

5 Monroe served as a member of the Virginia House of _____ **GREEN**

6 _____ was America's 24th state. **ORANGE**

7 Monroe was one of two future presidents encam _____ **RED**

8 He was the _____ die on the 4th of _____ **ORANGE**

9 What country _____ Florida from? **YELLOW**

10 Monroe was _____ minister to _____ **BLUE**

11 What pur _____ of the U _____ **GREEN**

12 James _____ Presid _____ **GREEN**

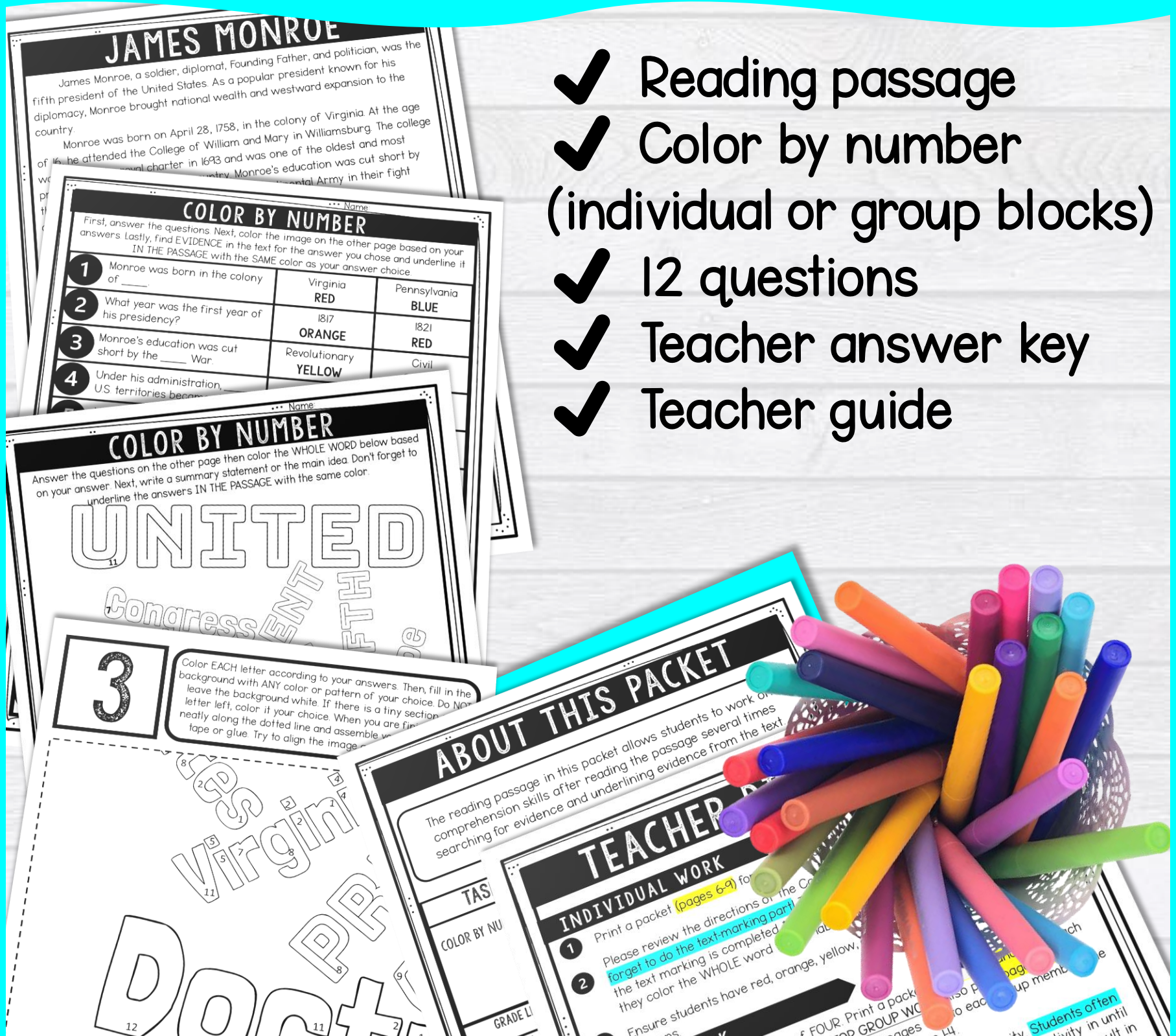
Yellow	Civil
Five	GREEN
Commoners	Three
ORANGE	ORANGE
Mississippi	Delegates
RED	RED
Valley Forge	Missouri
ORANGE	YELLOW
First	Bunker Hill
	BLUE
	Third
	GREEN

Color EACH letter according to your answers. Then, fill background with ANY color or pattern of your choice. NOT leave the background white. If there is a tiny section a letter left, color it your choice. When you are finished, neatly along the dotted line and assemble your picture with tape or glue. Try to align the image as best as you can.

THINK TANK

WHAT'S INCLUDED?

- ✓ Reading passage
- ✓ Color by number (individual or group blocks)
- ✓ 12 questions
- ✓ Teacher answer key
- ✓ Teacher guide



GROUP POSTER



2 OPTIONS

... Name

COLOR BY NUMBER

Answer the questions on the other page then color the **WHOLE WORD** below based on your answer. Next, write a summary statement or the main idea. Don't forget to underline the answers **IN THE PASSAGE** with the same color.

11 UNITED

12 Congress

1 JAMES

4 States

2 Virginia

6 PRESIDENT

3 ARMY

9 FIFTH

5 MonroE

12 DoctrinE

10 Florida

SUMMARY

© Think Tank Too

INDIVIDUAL

3

Color **EACH** letter according to your answers. The background with **ANY** color or pattern of your choice. Leave the background white. If there is a tiny section letter left, color it your choice. When you are finished, color neatly along the dotted line and assemble your picture with tape or glue. Try to align the image as best as you can.

8

2

1

3

2

1

11

5

2

1

12

10

11

12

2

1

6

12

4

6

7

GROUP

TEXT MARKING

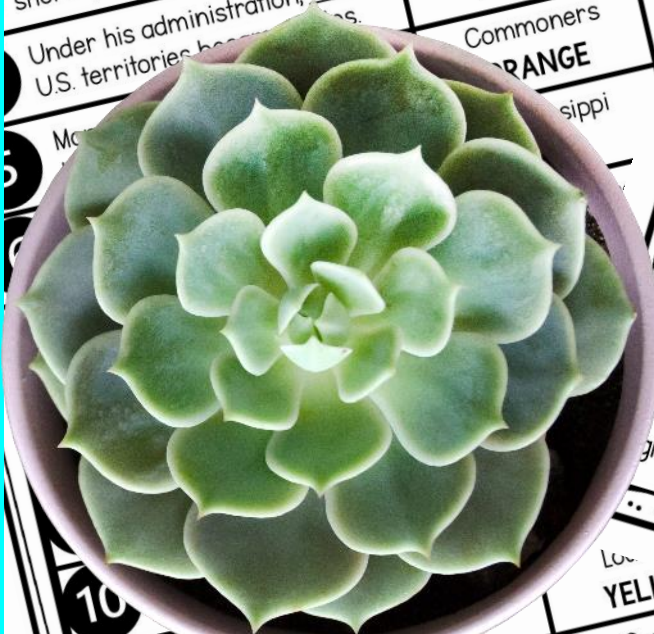
Find evidence
in the text

... Name: _____

COLOR BY NUMBER

For the questions. Next, color the image in the other page based on your answers. Find EVIDENCE in the text for each question. Circle your answer choice and underline it IN THE PASSAGE with the SAME color as your answer choice.

Monroe was born in the colony of _____.	Virginia RED	Pennsylvania BLUE
What year was the first year of his presidency?	1817 ORANGE	1821 RED
Monroe's education was cut short by the _____ War.	Revolutionary YELLOW	Civil GREEN
Under his administration, _____ U.S. territories became states.	Five GREEN	Thirteen GREY
Monroe was _____ Mississippi.	Commoners ORANGE	Chattel C



JAMES MONROE

James Monroe, a soldier, diplomat, Founding Father, and politician, served as the fifth president of the United States. As a popular president known for his diplomacy, Monroe brought national wealth and westward expansion to the country.

Monroe was born on April 28, 1758, in the colony of Virginia. At the age of 16, he attended the College of William and Mary in Williamsburg. The college was founded by royal charter in 1693 and was one of the oldest and most prestigious institutions in the country. Monroe's education was cut short by the Revolutionary War. Monroe joined the Continental Army in their fight against Britain in 1776.

He served under commander George Washington and proved to be an exceptional soldier, promoted in rank. He was severely wounded in the Battle of Trenton. In 1778, Monroe was one of two future presidents encamped at Valley Forge, Pennsylvania. Thousands of soldiers died during that winter because of disease, low supplies, and freezing temperatures.

After the war, Monroe left the army to study law under Thomas Jefferson. He later opened his own practice. Monroe served as a member of the Virginia House of Delegates and the Continental Congress before being elected to the U.S. Senate in 1790. He later served as Governor of Virginia and was appointed as U.S. minister to France by President George Washington. During his time as minister to France, Monroe helped negotiate the Louisiana Purchase, which doubled the size of the United States. He served as minister to Great Britain and as Secretary of State under President James Madison.

Monroe was the last president of the so-called Virginia Dynasty, which included George Washington, Thomas Jefferson, and James Madison. However, his experience as president, from 1817 to 1825, Monroe oversaw a period of economic growth and territorial expansion known as the Era of Good Feelings.

© Think Tank Too