

# LEWIS AND CLARK

## SCAVENGER HUNT

How many...  
to sign the Constitution  
without a Bill of Rights?

Q3 How many freedoms are  
included in the 1st Amendment?

Q4 What is another word for  
liberties (found in  
parenthesis)?

Q5 What is a change or addition  
to the U.S. Constitution known  
as?

Q6 Many of the delegates from  
states would not ratify, or  
Constitution.

Q7 The A...  
(were against) the  
government.

Q8 The Bill of Rights has  
provided the foundation of  
freedom for all ----













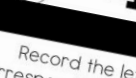






Q9 Who drafted a Bill of Rights  
that had 19 amendments?

Q10 What word means plan of  
government?

Number where you FOUND the answer to each question.

CODE

used as YOUR  
with just 3 le

	=D		=L		=I
	=E		=M		=U
	=F		=N		=V
	=G		=O		=W
	=H		=P		=X
	=I		=Q		=Y
			=R		=Z

Record the letters for each answer below, then use the dec...  
corresponding letter. If the answer to Question # 1 was a dec...

LETTERS

Q1  Q2  Q3

F

**CARD #1**

In 1803, the United States purchased 827,000 square miles of land now known as the Louisiana Purchase from Napoleon Bonaparte (emperor of France). President Thomas Jefferson, America's 3rd president, bought the land for \$15 million. At first Napoleon refused to sell, but James Monroe and Robert Livingston traveled to France to negotiate. This purchase nearly doubled the size of the United States. The Louisiana Purchase stretched from the Mississippi River to the Rocky Mountains west. Its southern portion stretched from New Orleans to Montana.

**THINK TANK**

FRANCE

PREST

**CARD #3**

President Jefferson wanted to know what was in the west, so he put his trusted friend in charge of the expedition. Meriwether Lewis was just 29 years old when he was put in charge of exploring the land of the Louisiana Purchase. Lewis asked his long-time army friend William Clark to accompany him on the journey and both men spent time researching and preparing for the trip. Jefferson had set aside \$2,500 for the expedition but in the end, it cost \$38,000.

MERIWETHER

EXPEDITION

# WHAT'S INCLUDED?

- ✓ 10 READING CARDS
- ✓ 10 QUESTIONS
- ✓ RECORDING SHEET
- ✓ ANSWER KEY
- ✓ STUDENT DIRECTIONS
- ✓ TEACHER DIRECTIONS
- ✓ EXTENSION ACTIVITIES

## CARD #1

In 1803, the United States purchased 827,000 square miles of land now known as the Louisiana Purchase from Napoleon Bonaparte (emperor of France). President Thomas Jefferson, America's 3rd president, bought the land for \$15 million. At first Napoleon refused to sell, but James Monroe and Robert Livingston traveled to France to negotiate. This purchase nearly doubled the size of the United States. The Louisiana Purchase stretched from the Mississippi River to the Rocky Mountains.

## CARD #3

President Jefferson wanted to know what was in the west, so he put his trusted friend in charge of the expedition. Meriwether Lewis was just 29 years old when he was put in charge of exploring the land of the Louisiana Purchase. Lewis asked his long-time army friend William Clark to accompany him on the journey and both men spent time researching and preparing for the trip.

## CARD #5

Finally, Lewis and Clark were on their way. They loaded their boat with equipment like compasses and telescopes, and things they would need for everyday life like camping and cooking supplies, fishing equipment, clothes, maps, and journals to record their journey. Lewis and Clark also packed gifts to give to the Native Americans they might meet on their journey. They had beads, knives, tobacco, mirrors, ribbons, and brightly colored cloth.



GIFTS



MIRRORS



COMPASSES

## CARD #7

Lewis and Clark met many Native Americans, most of whom were welcoming to the Corps of Discovery. At Fort Mandan, in what is now North Dakota, the Corps rested for the winter. The group later met a French-Canadian trapper named Toussaint Charbonneau and his pregnant Native American wife, Sacagawea. Sacagawea, a Shoshone, was kidnapped by the Hidatsa at the age of twelve and sold to Charbonneau. Their family continued with Lewis and Clark as interpreters. The journey was not easy for the travelers because they encountered wild animals, mountains, and raging river rapids.



ANIMALS



INTERPRETERS



NORTH DAKOTA

## CARD #9

In September 1806, Lewis and Clark returned to St. Louis with new information. They brought back maps of the region, new plants, the animals they saw such as bears, and coyotes. Lewis and Clark's expedition paved the way for people to settle the western part of the United States.



SETTLE

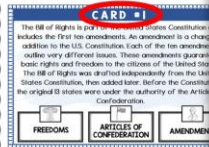
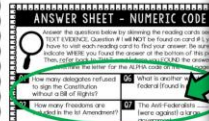


MAPS

## HOW IT WORKS

NUM  
answ  
IS NE  
stud  
answ  
ALP  
invol  
(four  
code  
befw  
revie

All y  
them  
read  
AND  
It do  
stati  
stud  
choo  
diffe  
When  
what



## CARD #S AND QUESTIONS

Write the answer in the box.  
If you are answering a question, be sure you are writing the correct answer.

## VOCABULARY PRACTICE

Directions: Choose 5 words from the reading cards that are unfamiliar or new to you and fill in the chart below.

WORD PICTURE DEFINITION


Record the card number where you FOUND the answer to each question in the boxes below.

Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8
----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

ANSWER KEY

	=A		=S
	=B		=T
	=C		=U
	=D		
	=E		
	=F		
	=G		
	=H		
	=I		

## SUMMARY

TOPIC SENTENCE

\_\_\_\_\_

SUPPORTING DETAIL SUPPORTING DETAIL

\_\_\_\_\_


\_\_\_\_\_


\_\_\_\_\_

# 10 READING CARDS

**CARD #1**

In 1803, the United States purchased 827,000 square miles of land now known as the Louisiana Purchase from Napoleon Bonaparte (emperor of France). President Thomas Jefferson's 3rd president, bought the land for \$15 million. At first Napoleon refused to sell, but James Monroe and Robert Livingston traveled to France to negotiate. The purchase nearly doubled the size of the United States. The purchase stretched from the Mississippi River to the Rocky Mountains in the west. Its southern portion stretched from New Orleans to Montana.

  
**MONTANA**


  
**FRANCE**


**CARD #2**


Many leaders were against the Louisiana Purchase, arguing that Jefferson did not have the right to purchase foreign land. They also believed that the purchase would lead to war with Spain.

**CARD #3**

President Jefferson wanted to know what was in the west, so he put his trusted friend in charge of the expedition. Meriwether Lewis was just 28 years old when he was put in charge of exploring the Louisiana Purchase. Lewis asked his long-time friend William Clark to accompany him on the journey and both men spent months of planning and preparation. The trip was long and hard, but in the end, it cost only \$25,000.

  
**EXPLORING**

  
**MERIWETHER**


  
**EXPEDITION**


**CARD #4**


Lewis and Clark studied plants and animals they might come across along the way. They also brought with them maps and star charts to help guide their journey west. They also learned a lot about the land and the people who lived there.

**CARD #5**

Finally, Lewis and Clark were on their way. They loaded their boat with equipment like compasses and telescopes, and things they would need for everyday life like camping and cooking supplies, fishing equipment, clothes, maps, and journals to record their journey. Lewis and Clark also packed gifts to give to the Native Americans they might meet on their journey. They had beads, knives, tobacco, mirrors, ribbons, and brightly colored cloth.

  
**GIFTS**

  
**MIRRORS**


  
**COMPASSES**

**CARD #6**

In 1804, the Corps of Discovery set off from St. Charles, Missouri with Lewis and Clark, and a crew of 54 men.


**CARD #7**


Lewis and Clark met many Native Americans who were welcoming to the Corps of Discovery. In what is now North Dakota, the Corps rested for the winter. A group later met a French-Canadian trapper named Charbonneau and his pregnant Native American wife, Sacagawea. Sacagawea, a Shoshone, was 14 years old. Hidatsa at the age of twelve and sold to the Corps. Her family continued with Lewis and Clark. The journey was not easy for the women. They encountered wild animals, mountains, and long distances.

  
**ANIMALS**

**CARD #8**


The expedition by foot through the mountains after the Corps of Discovery. They finally reached the Pacific Ocean. They set up Fort Clatsop on the coast for the winter of 1805-1806. When the snow melted, they returned to Fort Mandan, they parted ways with Sacagawea and her family. The expedition covered over 7,000 miles.


  
**WINTER**


  
**OREGON**

**CARD #9**

In September 1806, Lewis and Clark returned to St. Louis with new information to share with President Jefferson. They brought back 140 species of the region, new plants, and a log of the animals they saw such as buffalo, bison, and coyotes. Lewis and Clark hoped to settle the western part of the country.


  
**SETTLE**


  
**MAPS**

  
**COUNTRY**

**CARD #10**










Many people mistakenly believe the explorers and Indigenous groups coexisted in peace and harmony. Before the expedition though, Indigenous people had already been on that land for thousands of years. The history of Lewis and Clark is often one-sided. Lewis and Clark counted more than fifty Indigenous groups and the impact on the residents was devastating. Many were savaged by diseases. Villages were burned, they were forced to abandon their own language, religion, and culture. Continued European presence was a threat to their way of life.

  
**FIFTY**

  
**HARMONY**

**ANSWER SHEET: ALPHA CODE**

Use the decoder to determine which LETTER your answer choice indicates (based on the questions on the other page). Refer back to the card WHERE you FOUND the answer to determine the letters.

	=A		=J		=S
	=B		=K		=T
	=C		=L		=U

**ANSWER SHEET: NUMERIC CODE**

Answer the questions below by skimming the reading cards seeking TEXT EVIDENCE. Question #1 will NOT be found on card #1, you'll have to visit each reading card to find your answer. Be sure to indicate WHERE you found the answer at the bottom of this page. Then, refer back to THAT card (where you FOUND the answer) to determine the letter for the ALPHA code on the next page.

<p><b>Q1</b> They learned a lot about ____ and herbs they might find on the trip.</p> <p><b>Q2</b> What was Lewis' first name?</p> <p><b>Q3</b> Lewis and Clark encountered more than ____ Indigenous groups.</p> <p><b>Q4</b> In what modern-day state was Fort Mandan?</p> <p><b>Q5</b> The Corps brought back ____ of the new world.</p>	<p><b>Q6</b> Napoleon Bonaparte was the emperor of which country?</p> <p><b>Q7</b> Some people believed that the purchase would lead to war with ____.</p> <p><b>Q8</b> Lewis and Clark also packed ____ to give to the Native Americans.</p> <p><b>Q9</b> What was the name of the dog that joined the group?</p> <p><b>Q10</b> In what present-day state was Fort Clatsop?</p>
---	--

Refer to the card number where you FOUND the answer to each question.

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10		

# CITE EVIDENCE



**ANSWER SHEET: NUMERIC CODE**

Answer the questions below by skimming the reading cards seeking TEXT EVIDENCE. Question # 1 will NOT be found on card # 1, you'll have to visit each reading card to find your answer. Be sure to indicate WHERE you found the answer at the bottom of this page. Then, refer back to THAT card (where you FOUND the answer) to determine the letter for the ALPHA code on the next page.

Q1 They learned a lot about ---- and herbs they might find on the trip.	Q6 Napoleon Bonaparte was the emperor of which country?
Q2 What was Lewis' first name?	Q7 Some people believed that the purchase would lead to war with ----.
Q3 Lewis and Clark encountered more than ---- Indigenous groups.	Q8 Lewis and Clark also packed ---- to give to the Native Americans.
Q4 In what modern-day state was Fort Mandan?	Q9 What was the name of the dog that joined the group?
Q5 They brought back 140 ---- of the region.	Q10 In what present-day state was Fort Clatsop?

Write the card number where you FOUND the answer to each question.

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10

**NUMERIC CODE**

Eliminate the highest & lowest number used as one of YOUR answers.  
 Get rid of all numbers that are not used as one of YOUR answers.

**ALPHA CODE**

For each answer below, then use the decoder to grab the corresponding letter. If the answer to Question # 1 was a crown, the letter would be C.

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10

Eliminate the highest CONSONANT used as one of YOUR answers.  
 Eliminate the lowest CONSONANT used as one of YOUR answers.  
 Eliminate the lowest letter used as one of YOUR answers.  
 Eliminate the highest letter used as one of YOUR answers.

Do not change the order.

Decoder:

1

**STUDENTS MAY START AT ANY QUESTION AND VISIT THE CARDS SEVERAL TIMES SEEKING TEXT EVIDENCE.**

2

**STUDENTS WILL RECORD **WHERE** THEY FOUND THE ANSWER.**

3

**STUDENTS WILL USE THE CLUES TO DETERMINE A 4-DIGIT ALPHA CODE AND 4-DIGIT NUMERIC CODE.**

# COMBINATION










This scavenger hunt is a winning combination of:

- ✓ **movement**
- ✓ **close reading**
- ✓ **comprehension skills**
- ✓ **secret codes**
- ✓ **citing evidence**
- ✓ **critical thinking**

**Everything a teacher dreams of wrapped up into one FUN and engaging activity!**

# OPTIONS

THINK OUTSIDE THE BOX!

-  Anticipatory sets
-  Unit review
-  Early finishers
-  Stations
-  Sub plans
-  Partner work
-  Enrichment

-  Movement
-  Cross-curricular
-  Highly engaging

