

## Tabla de derivadas inmediatas

Función	Derivada	Ejemplo
$f(x) = k$	$f'(x) = 0$	$f(x) = 10 \rightarrow f'(x) = 0$
$f(x) = k \cdot x$	$f'(x) = k$	$f(x) = 10x \rightarrow f'(x) = 10$
$f(x) = x^n$	$f'(x) = n \cdot x^{n-1}$	$f(x) = x^3 \rightarrow f'(x) = 3x^2$
$f(x) = \sqrt{x}$	$f'(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$	$f(x) = \sqrt{x} \rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$
$f(x) = e^x$	$f'(x) = e^x$	$f(x) = e^x \rightarrow f'(x) = e^x$
$f(x) = a^x$	$f'(x) = a^x \cdot \ln(a)$	$f(x) = 4^x \rightarrow f'(x) = 4^x \cdot \ln(4)$
$f(x) = \ln(x)$	$f'(x) = \frac{1}{x}$	$f(x) = \ln(x) \rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{1}{x}$
$f(x) = \log_a(x)$	$f'(x) = \frac{1}{x \cdot \ln(a)}$	$f(x) = \log_5(x) \rightarrow f'(x) = \frac{1}{x \cdot \ln(5)}$
$f(x) = \text{sen}(x)$	$f'(x) = \text{cos}(x)$	$f(x) = \text{sen}(x) \rightarrow f'(x) = \text{cos}(x)$
$f(x) = \text{cos}(x)$	$f'(x) = -\text{sen}(x)$	$f(x) = \text{cos}(x) \rightarrow f'(x) = -\text{sen}(x)$
$f(x) = \text{tan}(x)$	$f'(x) = \text{sec}^2(x)$	$f(x) = \text{tan}(x) \rightarrow f'(x) = \text{sec}^2(x)$